DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP,RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class -VIII   **Subject–Computer Science**
Time–90 Minutes   **Maximum Marks-50**

Select the most suitable alternative: **[1x50=50]**

1. NIU stands for:
   a. Network internal unit
   b. Net interface unit
   c. Network interface unit
   d. None of these
2. Now a day's mobile phones have inbuilt_____devices that help to browse internet:
   a. Modem
   b. Toolkit
   c. Web portal
   d. None of these
3. Character literals refer to :
   a. 'A'
   b. '1'
   c. Both (a) and (b)
   d. None of these
4. In LAN, data communication takes place at the rate of:
   a. 100-1000 mbps
   b. 10-20 mbps
   c. 10-1500 mbps
   d. None of these
5. Which of the following is a Python tuple?
   a. (1,2,3)
   b. [1,2,3]
   c. {1,2,3}
   d. {}
6. In this type of cable, data are transferred through electromagnetic waves:
   a. Ethernet cable
   b. Co-Axial cable
   c. Fiber optic
   d. None of these
7. What is the output of expression, 25%4?
   a. 0
   b. 1
   c. 7
   d. 6

8. The centralized computer with huge storage capacity and very high processing speed is called as:
   a. Server
   b. Tree
   c. Workstation
   d. Mesh
9. In this type of network there is no specific tariff to be followed for its usage:
   a. WAN
   b. MAN
   c. LAN
   d. None of these
10. This mode allows a user to type a set of commands only in a line at command prompt:
    a. Script Mode
    b. Windows Mode
    c. Interactive Mode
    d. None of these
11. Paytm, Mobiwik, Freecharge etc are commonly used e - _____ :
    a. Net recharge
    b. Wallets
    c. E-commerce
    d. None of these
12. Choose the valid identifiers:
    a. _HeLlo
    b. _12
    c. Both (a) and (b)
    d. None of these
13.

Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary
8	8	1000
9	9	1001
10	A	1010
11	B	1011
12	C	1100
13	D	....
14	E	....
	F	?

Figure 1

Consider the table given above i.e. Figure1.Find out the decimal value of F and its binary equivalent?

   a. F(1100)
   b. 15(1111)
   c. F(1110)
   d. 15(1101)

2

14. _____ is used as a shorthand representation of long binary numbers.
    a. Decimal Number System
    b. Binary Number System
    c. Hexadecimal Number System
    d. Octal Number System
15. Which of the following is not a data type?
    a. Lists
    b. Tuples
    c. Dictionary
    d. Class
16. Codes in the form of combination of 0's and 1's is known as:
    a. Base
    b. ASCII
    c. Complement
    d. None of these
17. Choose the relevant i.e. correct program code in Python to calculate the bonus amount of the Employee(A company announces 10% bonus on the sales made by an Employee on the condition that he will get only if the sales amount is equal to or more than 10000).

    a. sales=float (input ("enter the sales amount= "));
       if (sales>=10000):bonus=sales*0.10;
              print ("bonus is %f"%(bonus));

    b. sale=float (input ("enter the sales amount: "));
       if (sales>=10000):bonus=sales*0.10;
         print ("bonus is %f"%(bonus));

    c. sales=string (input ("enter the sales amount: "));
       if (sales>=10000):bonus=sales*0.10;
              print ("bonus is %f"%(bonus));

    d. sales=float (input ("enter the sales amount: "));
       if (sales>=10000):bonus=sales*0.10;
                ("bonus is %f"%(bonus));

18. Choose the relevant i.e. correct program code in Python to enter a number and check whether it is even or odd:

    a. n = int (input ("enter the value of n= "));
       if (n% 2 == 0) : print ("even");
       else: print (" odd");

    b. n = int (input ("enter the value of n = "));
       I f (n% 2= 0) : print ("even")
       else: print (" odd");

    c. n = int (input ("enter the value of n = "));
       if (n% 2 == 0) : print (even")
       Else: print (" odd");
    d. None of these

3

19. Define Router:
    a. Has the ability to connect LAN which have different protocol
    b. And it also has the ability to limit the flow of broadcasts
    c. It forwards packets on the basis of address of destination.
    d. All of these
20. CAN stands for?
    a. Communication area network
    b. Controller area network
    c. Controller auto network
    d. None of these
21. Convert decimal number i.e.85 into its equivalent binary numbers and choose the correct answer as given below:
    a. 1010111
    b. 1010101
    c. 1110101
    d. None of these
22. Convert 3A to Decimal number and choose the correct answer as given below:
    a. 56
    b. 58
    c. 50
    d. None of these
23. TCP/IP stands for:
    a. Transfer control protocol/Internal protocol
    b. Transmission control protocol/Internet protocol
    c. Translate control protocol/Internet protocol
    d. None of these
24. IDLE stands for:
    a. Integral Deployment Environment
    b. Integrated Device Environment
    c. Integrated Development Environment
    d. None of these
25. There are _____keywords in Python.
    a. 30
    b. 33
    c. 31
    d. None of these
26. The total number of digits used in a number system is called its:
    a. Base
    b. Radix
    c. Both (a) and (b)
    d. None of these
27. IMAP stands for:
    a. Internet Mark Access Program
    b. Internet Mail Auto Protocol
    c. Internet Message Access Protocol
    d. None of these

28. What are the values of the following Python expressions?

    2**7
    a. 64
    b. 512
    c. 128
    d. None of these

29. According to the 'Rules of Binary Addition', 0+1=1+0=?
    a. 0
    b. 00
    c. 1
    d. None of these

30. _____ topology combines the characteristics of linear, bus and star topology.
    a. Ring
    b. Mesh
    c. Tree
    d. None of the above.

31. It includes drawings, paintings, scanned images, photographs, still and video images:
    a. Graphics
    b. Audio
    c. Animation
    d. None of these

32. The documents in web sites that display information are called as:
    a. Server
    b. Webpage
    c. ISP
    d. LAN

33. Which of the following is the extension to save Python program file?
    a. .py
    b. .pty
    c. .pyt
    d. None of these

34. Compute the following binary arithmetic accurately:1111000-1011100
    a. 0011011
    b. 0100011
    c. 0011100
    d. None of these

35. One of the biggest networks that has become an integral part of our daily life is:
    a. Communication
    b. Internet
    c. Applications
    d. None of these

36. Some commonly used FTP client are_____,Dreamweaver,etc
    a. Fire wire
    b. Firefox
    c. FileZila
    d. None of these

37. Which of the following is used to restart the python?
    a. Ctrl+F6
    b. Ctrl+F8
    c. Ctrl+F7
    d. Ctrl+F9
38. Operators can be classified as :
    a. Unary,Arithmetic
    b. Bitwise, Relational
    c. Assignment, logical
    d. All of the above
39. Single quote ('   ') and _____ functions are similar in a python program.
    a. Triple apostrophe'''
    b. # symbol
    c. Double quote (" ")
    d. None of these
40. Choose the correct syntax for decision making with logical operators:
    a. if((condition 1) (and/or) (condition 2)):statement1;else:statement2;
    b. if((condition 1) (and/or (condition 1)):statement1else:statement2;
    c. ifcondition 1) (and/or) (condition 2)):statement1;else:statement2;
    d. None of these
41. What are contiguous set of characters in between pairs of single or double quotes?
    a. Numbers
    b. Expression
    c. String
    d. None of these
42. Define advantages of cloud computing.
    a. Cost and Productivity
    b. Performance and Reliability
    c. Both (a) and (b)
    d. None of these
43. Find out the correct label partof.org as given in the Figure2
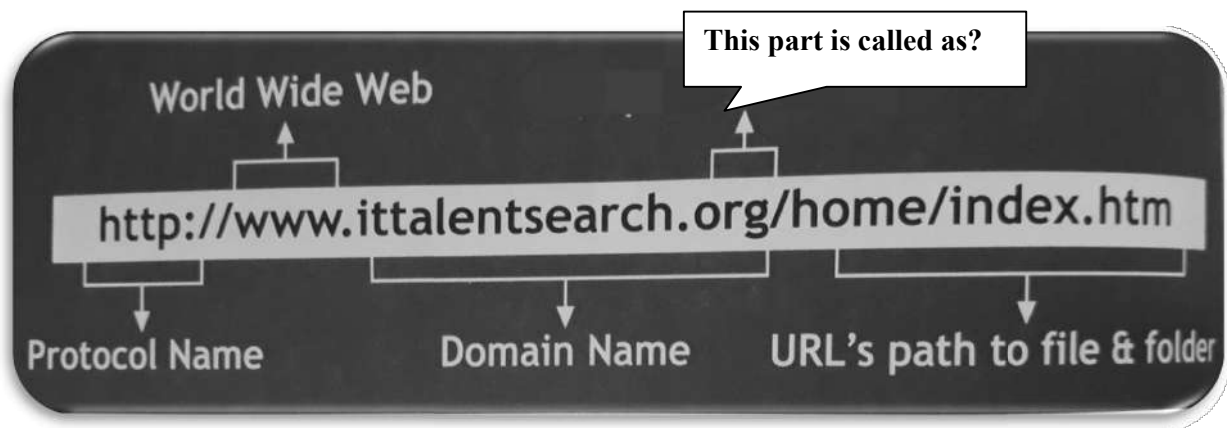
Figure2

    a. Top Level Domain
    b. IP
    c. IMAP
    d. FTP

44. This negates or reverses the truth value of the expression. This option is written as_____.
    a. Logical 'and'
    b. Logical 'or'
    c. Logical 'not'
    d. All of the above

45. Point out the invalid variable.
    a. 1Hello
    b. @hello
    c. return
    d. None of these

46. Compute the following binary arithmetic accurately: 10110+10110
    a. 101100
    b. 1001101
    c. 1001001
    d. None of these

47. The flowchart given below is related with_____decision-making statement:

Flowchart
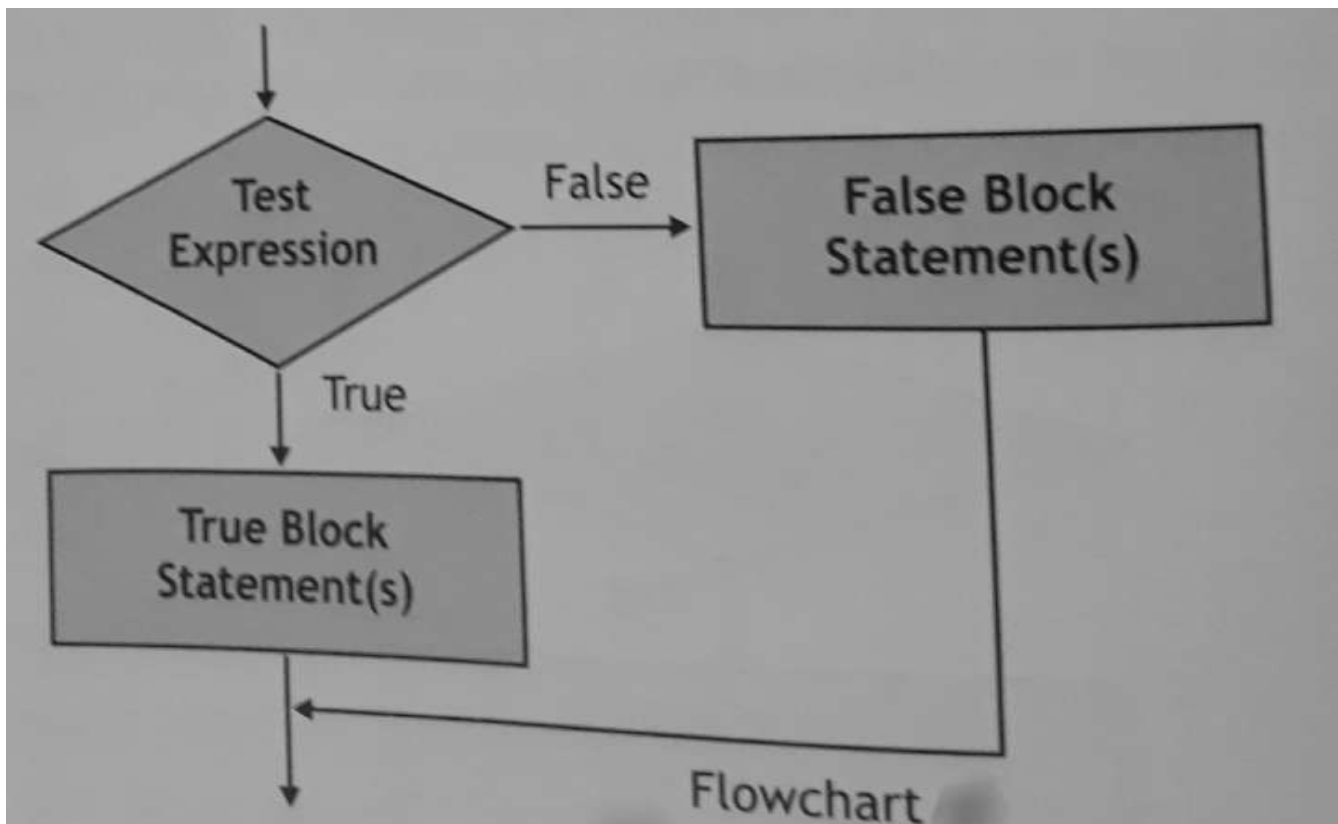
    a. Branching
    b. if ….else
    c. Both (a) and (b)
    d. None of these

48. Some popular _____are Apache, IBM Lotus, Internet information Server (IIS) of Microsoft, etc
    a. Web portal
    b. Web server
    c. Both (a) and (b)
    d. None of these

49. Choose the relevant program code in Python to display the colors of rainbow as per the user'schoice:

a. choice = int (input("Enter 1-7 (choice)"));
    if (choice = = 1):print ("Violet");
    elif (choice = =2): print ("indigo");

    elif (choice = = 3):print ("blue");

    elif (choice == 4):print ("green");

    elif (choice == 5):print ("yellow");

    elif(choice ==6):print ("orange");

    elif (choice ==7): print ("red")";

    else: print ("keep guessing");

b. choice = int (it("Enter 1-7 (choice)"));
    if (choice = = 1):print ("Violet");
    elif (choice = =2): ("indigo");

    elif (choice = = 3):print ("blue")

    elif (choice ==):print ("green");

    elif (choice ==):print ("yellow");

    elif(choice ==6):print ("orange");

    elif (choice == 7):print ("red")";

    else: print ("keep guessing");

c. choice = (input("Enter 1-7 (choice)"));
    if (choice = = 1):print ("Violet");
    elif (choice = =2): ("indigo");

    elif (choice = 3):print ("blue"):

    elif (choice ==):print ("green");

    elif (choice = 5):print ("yellow");

    elif(choice =6):print ("orange");

    (choice == print ("red")";

    else: print ("keep guessing")

d . choice = int (input("Enter 1-7 (choice)"));
    if (choice = = 1):print ("Violet");
    elif (choice = =2): ("indigo");

    elif (choice = = 3): ("blue"):

    elif (choice ==):print ("green")

    elif (choice ==):print ("yellow");

    elif(choice ==6):print ("orange");

    elif (choice == 7):print ("red")";

    else: print ("keep guessing");

50._____has created the first website which was launched in the year_____.

a. Tesla,2020
b. Tata ,2021
c. Tim berners lee,1990
d. Tim berners lee,1991

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII	**Subject – English**
Time – 3 Hours	**Maximum Marks- 80**

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS :

1. The question paper is divided into three sections: A, B & C.
2. It is compulsory to attempt all the sections.
3. Handwriting carries marks.

Section-A (Reading)

1. **Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions:** (1x10 = 10)

On a cloudy day, the clouds hide the Sun, but the sun is always there. Happiness is like the Sun, it is often hidden by the clouds of thoughts, worries and desires. We have to scatter and dissolve them to experience happiness.

You don't have to create happiness. All you have to do is calm down your mind because when one has a quiet mind and inner peace, there is happiness. Happiness is not something far away and unattainable. Happiness does not depend on circumstances, objects or events. It is an inseparable part of our consciousness, of our essence, but hidden and covered from sight, by our thoughts, desires and worries.

The mind is always in a constant race from one thought to another, from one worry to another. It constantly moves from one object or task to another, never standing still. This restlessness hides the happiness that is within you.

It is like a choppy sea that hides the bottom. When the sea gets calm you can see the bottom. In the same way, when the mind gets quiet you sense the happiness that is within you.

You cannot see a treasure at the bottom of a stormy and muddy lake, though it is there. However, when the wind stops, the water becomes still, and the mud sinks, you can see the treasure. The treasure is there, whether you see it or not. So is happiness. It is always there, only hidden by thoughts, desires and worries.

You can experience more and more happiness in your life. Only your thoughts stand in your way of experiencing it. Next time you feel happy, stop for a moment and watch the state of your mind. You will be surprised to discover that it is calm, and there is almost no thought in your mind. Since the mind is not accustomed to staying in this peaceful state for long, it soon becomes active again and the sense of happiness disappears.

The experience of mystics down the ages has shown that happiness is inherent in our souls; it is not something to be gained anew. All that is necessary to do is to uncover it.

1) Why has happiness been compared to the Sun?
2) What are the requisites for experiencing happiness?
3) What does not allow us to sense happiness that is within us?
4) When can one see a treasure at the bottom of a stormy and muddy lake?
5) What stands in the way of our happiness ?
6) What is the inseparable part of our consciousness?
7) In the passage, the word 'treasure' has been used to refer to ….
   (i) Mud   (ii) worries   (iii) happiness   (iv) gold
8) What is meant by the word, **essence**?
   (i) separate   (ii) spirit   (iii) necessary   (iv) sorrow
9) Chose the correct synonym of the word '**constant**'?
   (i) continuous   (ii) Varying   (iii) unstable   (iv) change
10) What is the antonym of the word, 'sinks'?
   (i) raise   (ii) lift   (iii) drowns   (iv) floats

2. **Read the following poem carefully and answer the questions :**   (1x10 = 10)

Remember, no men are strange, no countries foreign,
Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes
Like ours; the land our brothers walk upon
Is earth like this, in which we all shall lie.
They, too, aware of sun and air and water,
Are fed by peaceful harvest, by war's long winter starv'd
Their hands are ours, and in their lines, we read
A labour not different from our own.
Remember they have eyes like ours that wake
Or sleep, and strength that can be won
By love. In every land is the common life
That all can recognize and understand.
Let us remember, whenever we are told
To hate our brothers, it is ourselves
That we shall dispossess, betray, condemn.
Remember, we who take arms against each other.
It is the human earth that we defile,
Our hells of fire and dust outrage the innocence
Of the air that is everywhere like our own.
Remember, no men are foreign and no countries strange.

1. What does the poet mean by 'no men are foreign and no countries strange' ?
2. How should we win others ?
3. What starves a man ?
4. What will happen when we hate and fight with others ?
5. Suggest a suitable title to the above poem.
6. The word 'betray' means
   (a) deceive   (b) ill-treat
   (c) dishonest   (d) frustrate

7. `... we who take arms ...' means

(a) who twist arms

(b) who handle arms

(c) who raise voices

(d) who fight and declare war on others

8. In fighting together we

(a) shrug our shoulders

(b) make the earth dirty

(c) defile the earth

(d) make the earth useless

9. Chose the correct synonym of the word 'defile'

(a) degrade

(b) respect

(c) appreciate

(d) beautify

10. Chose the correct antonym of the word 'condemn'

(a) criticize

(b) slam

(c) praise

(d) censure

Section-B (Grammar and Writing)

3. **Do as Directed:**   (1x12=12)

a) _____ is necessary for _____(Meditate, relax) (Fill in the blanks with abstract nouns.)

b) The wolf killed <u>a sheep</u>. (Change the underlined noun into their plural form)

c) The <u>priest</u> blessed the <u>heiress</u> to the throne: (Rewrite the sentence changing the underlined nouns to their opposite gender)

d) In the heart of the forest lived a saint. (Identify the subjects and the predicate)

e) Venomous snakes often build nests underground. (Identify the subject word and the attribute)

f) John has bought a vase for her mother. (Identify the direct and indirect objects)

g) I myself will do this. (Identify the pronouns and state their kind)

h) These apples are from Srinagar. (underline the adjective and state its kind)

i) The wind kissed my brow. (Identify the figures of speech)

j) Her <u>act of foolishness</u> was responsible for our failure. (Rewrite the sentence using adjective in place of the highlighted words.)

k) This is the heavier of the three parcels. (Identify the error and write it correctly)

l) Turn right and you will find it. (Identify the adverb and state its kind)

4. **Fill in the blanks by using the correct form of tenses of the word given in the brackets.** (½x6=3)

a) After the game, the children _____ (go) inside to have food.

b) I'd like to _____ (reserve) a table, please.

c) Srinagar _____ (Be) famous for its handicrafts and dry fruits.

d) Aalia _____ (have) finished her homework.

e) Tony and Nick _____(score) six baskets each.

f) She had been _____ (hide) something.

5. **Underline the determiners in the following sentences and state its kind:**   (1x3=3)

    a)   Some people are very clever.
    b) Those houses are for sale.
    c) That is my dog Tipsy.

6. **Underline the non-finite verbs and state its kind:**   (1x3=3)
    a) I am tired of your grumbling.
    b) The broken window had to be replaced.
    c) You ought to have played.

7. **Change these sentences to the passive voice:**   (1x4=4)
    a) The Cobbler mended my shoes in 10 minutes.
    b) Your uncle teaches us English.
    c) Our drama society is staging a ballet.
    d) Post this letter.

8. Write a paragraph on 'Actions speak louder than words' in about 80 to 100 words.   (5)

<div align="center">OR</div>

  ' Learn to walk before you run' in about 80 to 100 words.

9. You are the Sports Secretary of your school. Write a notice inviting students to join a special cricket coaching camp for boys and girls under the age of 14 at your school, to be held during the winter vacation. (50 words)   (5)

<div align="center">OR</div>

  Write a letter to your friend telling him about the puppy you rescued some days ago and have adopted as your pet. (120 words)

Section-C (Literature)

10. Answer with reference to the context.   (1X10=10)

    a) Flashed all their Sabres bare,

        Flashed as they turned in air

        Sabring the gunners there,

        Charging an army, while

        All the world wondered.

(i) Who flashed their sabres ?

(ii) At whom did they flash the Sabres ?

(iii) What does the second 'flashed' in the above verse mean ?

(iv) Why does the poet say 'while All the world wondered' ?

(v) Write the meaning of the word ' Sabres '.

b) I felt his glare on me like the heat of a blistering sun. This would be a failure on a grand scale, even for me.

(i) Who is the speaker ?

(ii) Whose glare is, he speaking of ?

(iii) Name the figure of speech used in the given line.

(iv) Khaled Hosseini was born in _____ in _____.

(v) What would be a failure ?

11. **Answer any four questions in 20 to 30 words.** (2X4=8)

(i) Who was the young lady ? What could be the relationship between the young lady and the shoemaker ?

(ii) Who are the bosom friends? What do the two friends do in the poem 'Ode to Autumn'.

(iii) Which historical event is this poem based on ? (The charge of Light Brigade)

(iv) Is it right to follow orders without asking questions ? (The charge of Light Brigade)

(v) Explain Hassan's favourite trick.

12. Seasons are the cycle of life. How does the given statement related to human existence. Write your thoughts. (in 50 to 60 words) (3X1=3)

13. **Do as directed** : (1X4=4)

(i) Brevity (write the antonyms)

(ii) Acid test (write the meaning)

(iii) From hand to mouth (write the meaning)

(iv) Above board (write the meaning)

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Class - VIII	**Subject – French**
Time – 90 Minutes	**Maximum Marks-40**

SECTION-A (COMPREHENSION ÉCRITE)   Marks10

Lisez le passage et répondez aux questions suivantes.

Bonjour! Je m'appelle Catherine. Je suis étudiante. Je suis en septième. J'ai une petite famille il y a quatre personnes dans ma famille mon père, ma mère, ma sœur et moi. Nous sommes anglais.

Mon père est journaliste. Il est très intelligent. Il parle couramment le français. Ma mère est femme au foyer. Elle aime faire du ménage. Ma soeur, Emille a deux ans. Elle est très mignonne. Elle aime jouer.

J'aime beaucoup ma famille.

1. Répondez aux questions suivantes.   **[3]**
   a. Que fait Catherine?
   b. Décrivez la soeur de Catherine

2. Trouvez du texte.   **[3]**
   a. Une preposition
   b. Le contraire de "grande":
   c. Un verbe infinitive.

3. Complétez avec un mot du texte.   **[2]**
   a. Il a ……………… crayons.
   b. La ……………….. de Michel habite en Algérie.

4. Dites vrai ou faux.   **[2]**
   a. Cathérine a une grande famille…………
   b. Cathérine est journaliste………….
   c. La mère de Cathérine parle français……….
   d. Emilie a deux ans……….

1. Décrivez votre journée(day). (30-40 mots)

SECTION-C (GRAMMAIRE)   Marks -15

1. Conjuguez les verbes suivants.   **[2. 5]**
   a. Nous...................des invitations à nos amis. (envoyer)
   b. Est-ce qu'elles………………….. leur chambre? (ranger)
   c. ………………………….. -ils un grand appartement? (acheter)
   d. Il ……………..dix ans ? (avoir)
   e. Est-ce que vous ……………….français ? (être)

2. Complétez avec les adjectifs possessifs.   **[2.5]**
   a. Ce sont............. robes ; où sont............. robes?
   b. J'aime............. mère.
   c. Est-ce que c'est............ appartement?
   d. Prenez-vous...............repas avec.....................famille ?
   e. C'est……………fils.

3. Mettez les phrases à la forme négative.   **[2.5]**
   a. C'est une jolie image.
   b. Les amis de mon frère viennent chez nous.
   c. Voyez-vous la tour Eiffel?
   d. Nous avons une voiture noire.
   e. Est-ce que tu bavardes dans la classe ?

4. Retrouvez les phrases.   **[5]**
   a. blanche/achètent/une/leur/elles/pour/culotte/cousin
   b. répondeur/son/il/messages/écoute/sur/les
   c. vient/moi/une/chez/elle/heure/dans
   d. ai/tant/à/devoirs/aujourd'hui/de/faire/j'
   e. matin/à/réveille/six/je/du/heures/me

5. Mettez les phrases au passé composé.   **[2.5]**
   a. Nous mettons les vêtements dans la machine à laver.
   b. Il y a des canards dans l'étang.
   c. Vous prenez le bus pour aller au bureau?
   d. Les enfants dorment à 8 h 30.
   e. J'ouvre la porte et les fenêtres.

SECTION-D (CULTURE ET CIVILISATION) Marks10

1. Répondez aux questions suivantes. **[4]**

   a. Nommez deux pays voisins de la France?

   b. Pourquoi appelle-t-on la France L'Hexagone»?

   c. Pourquoi appelle-t-on Paris la capitale de l'Art »?

   d. Nommez quelques villes importantes de la France.

2. Reliez les colonnes. **[2]**

   i. Paris   (a) un monument

   ii. La Marseillaise   (b) située en Europe

   iii. Le Panthéon   (c) l'hymne national

   iv. La France   (d) située sur la Seine

3. Écrivez les noms de quatre moyens de transports en France. **[2]**

4. Chassez l'intrus. **[1]**

   A.   Lille   Nice   Lyon   Chanel

   B.   Le brie   Le camembert   Le roquefort   La Garonne

5. Regardez les images et répondez. **[1]**

a. Qui est-ce?

b. Écrivez le nom de musée qui est dans cette image.

Class - VIII   **Subject – General Knowledge**
Time – 90 Minutes   **Maximum Marks- 50**

1. The longest mountain chain …………
   a. Andes
   b. Mt.Everest
   c. K2
   d. None

2. The deepest fresh water lake…………
   a. Wular
   b. Baikal
   c. Loktak
   d. Pulicat

3. The densest planet ……………
   a. Venus
   b. Mars
   c. Jupiter
   d. Mercury

4. The longest Seaweed………
   a. Lettuce
   b. Graciloria
   c. Giant kelp
   d. Spirogyra

5. ....is a synonym for buyers.
   a. Consumers
   b. Vendor
   c. Stock list
   d. Retailer

6. ………………….. is a tool to measure a human being's impact on the environment.
   a. Overpopulation
   b. Ecological footprint
   c. Pollution
   d. Deforestation

7. Where in the body, does most digestion take place? …………
   a. Lungs
   b. Large intestine
   c. Small intestine
   d. Food pipe

8. …………………connect your muscles to your bones.
    a. Genioglossus
    b. Hyoglossus
    c. Tendons
    d. None

9. Name the animated film that was the first winner in the category of the animated feature film………..
    a. Shrek
    b. My friend Ganesha
    c. Sea Beast
    d. Minions

10. A …………………studies fossils of animals.
    a. Psychology
    b. Palaeontelogy
    c. Zoology
    d. All the above

11. Who was the chief architect of the Indian constitution?
    a. B.R.Ambedkar
    b. Rabindranath Tagore
    c. Mahatma Gandhi
    d. None

12. He revolutionized the art of animated films.
    a. Walt Disney
    b. Spider man
    c. Frozen
    d. Happy feet

13. Name the king of Rock 'n' Roll.
    a. Hound dog
    b. Elvis Presley
    c. Sweet little sixteen
    d. None

14. Who was the first woman Air Marshal of the Indian Air force?
    a. Arup Raha
    b. Mrs Bhadauria
    c. Padma Bandhopadhyay
    d. None

15. Who was the first Indian chief of Naval staff after independence?
    a. Vice Admiral R.Hari Kr
    b. John Talbot
    c. William Edward
    d. Ram Das Katari

16. Give the writer name of Agatha Christie is-
    a. Mary Westmacott
    b. Geoges Remi
    c. Benjamin Franklin
    d. None

17. Mark the writer name of O. Henry-
    a. Georges Remi
    b. William Sydney Porter
    c. Adolf Hitler
    d. None

18. Who is the writer of the autobiography Daughter of the east?
    a.Benazir Bhutto
    b. Sunil Gavaskar
    c.Adolf Hitler
    d. None

19. What is the occupation of most of the residents of the Andaman Island?
    a. Agriculture
    b. Industry
    c. Tourism
    d. None

20. The Bolivian currency, Boliviano, is named after whom?
    a. Antonio Bolivar
    b. Simon Bolivar
    c. Gustavo Bolivar
    d. None

21. It is the resource that can be used such that it is not depleted or exhausted permanently.
    a. Sustainable
    b. Hydrogen
    c. Cells
    d. None

22. Started in 1970, this day is celebrated all over the world on 22nd April every year.
    a. Navy day
    b. Earth day
    c. Silence day
    d. None

23. Who became the most nominated performer in Oscar history in 2003?
    a. Meryl streep
    b. Chloe Zhao
    c. Frances M c Dormand
    d. None

24. Which country has won the most foreign –language film Oscars?
    a. Italy
    b. Spain
    c. Rome
    d. All the above

25. Which is the smallest number evenly divisible by all numbers from 1 to 10?
    a. 2520
    b. 5040
    c. 7560
    d. None

26. Which of the following options does not belong to any of the other options?
    a.Body paragraph
    b. Conclusion
    c.Essay
    d. Introduction

27. Paper notes were first used in china during the ……………dynasty.
    a.Tang
    b. Singh
    c.Sung
    d. None

28. It is the state animal of kerala & Jharkhand.
    a.Snake
    b. Elephant
    c. Tiger
    d. Lion

29. What is most of the atmosphere on Venus made of?
    a. Carbon di oxide
    b. Nitrogen
    c. Oxygen
    d. None

30. Write the terms of putting the ball into the basket from above the level of the rim.
    a. Assist
    b. Dunk
    c. Free throw
    d. None

31. In 1991…………….. is the Philippines spewed an enormous cloud of ash to the height of more than 30 km.
    a. Mount Pinatubo
    b. K2
    c. Mt Everest
    d. None

32. Which word is a modified form of the Germanic word thaler?
    a. Ken
    b. Dollar
    c. Yen
    d. All the above

33. Who is referred to as 'The father of the green Revolution'?
    a. Norman Borlaug
    b. M.S. Swaminathan
    c. Robert Leis
    d. None

34. A bacterial infection that results in cough causing tiredness and weight loss –
    a. Diptheria
    b. Asthma
    c. Conjuctivitus
    d. None

35. Yellow to orange discoloration of skin is due to -
    a. Jaundice
    b. Asthma
    c. Diptheria
    d. None

36. The symptoms of disease causing fever,fatigue,sore throat means-
    a. Tuberculosis
    b. Jaundice
    c. Asthma
    d. None

37. A chronic disorder causing coughing, breathlessness & chest tightness-
    a. Asthma
    b. Conjuctivitis
    c. Tuberculosis
    d. None

38. An allergy that makes the eyes red & irritated-
    a. Conjuctivitis
    b. Cancer
    c. Asthma
    d. None

39. Who won the 100 m and 200 m and 4 x100 m relay in three consecutive Olympic games in 2008, 2012, & 2016?
   a. Usain Bolt
   b. Frank Wykoff
   c. Evelyn Ashford
   d. None

40. Out of 15 students, 9 are girls. What percentage of the students is boys?
   a. 30%
   b. 40%
   c. 60%
   d. None

41. How many sets of antonyms are there in the proverb 'United We Stand,divided we fall'-
   a. 2
   b. 3
   c. 4
   d. None

42. There are three mothers and three daughters in a group of people. Each mother has a daughter in the group. What should be the smallest possible number of people in the group?
   a. 6
   b. 4
   c. 7
   d. 2

43. In a class of 20, girls are more than boys by 2. How many boys are there in the class?
   a. 9
   b. 8
   c. 7
   d. 4

44. When was the National Disaster Response force founded?
   a. 2008
   b. 2007
   c. 2006
   d. 2010

45. Name the rank that comes between Group Captain and Squadron leader in the Indian Air force.
   a. Wing Commander
   b. Security force
   c. Defence minister
   d. None

46. Name the rank that comes between Captain and Lieutenant Commander in the Indian Navy.
    a. Chief
    b. Commander
    c. Captain
    d. None
47. Name the rank that comes between Major general and Colonel in the Indian army?
    a. Brigadin
    b. Captain
    c. Lieutenant
    d. None
48. In how many commands is the Indian army organized?
    a. 7
    b. 5
    c. 2
    d. 1
49. National start up day will be celebrated every year on-
    a. 12th jan
    b. 16th jan
    c. 20th jan
    d. 24th jan
50. Which player won the India open tournament 2022?
    a. Lakshya Sen
    b. Sameer Sen
    c. Tommy Sugiarto
    d. Loh Kean Yew

Answer key:

1) Andes
2) Baikal
3) Mercury
4) Giant Kelp
5) Consumers
6) Ecological foot print
7) Small intestine
8) Tendons
9) Shrek
10) Palaeontelogy
11] B.R Ambedkar
12] Walt Disney
13] Elvis Presley
14] Padma Bandhopadhyay
15] Ram Das Katari
16] Agatha –Mary..
17] O.Hen- William ….
18] Daughter..-Benazir..
19] A] Agriculture
20] B]Simon
21] A]Sustainable
22] B]Earth day
23] A]Meryl Streep
24] A]Italy
25] A]2520
26] C]Essay
27 A]Tang
28] B]Elephant
29] Carbon dioxide
30] Dunk
31] Mount Pinatubo
32] Dollar
33] Norman Borlaug
34) Diptheria
35) Jaundice Yellow to orange discoloration of skin + whites of the eyes
36) Tuberculosis   Infectious disease causing fever, fatigue,sore throat
37) Asthma
38) Conjunctivitis
39] Usain Bolt
40] 40 %
41] Two
42] four
43] 9
44] 2006
45] Wing..
46] Commander..
47] Briga..

48] 7
49] 16th jan
50] Lakshya Sen

…………..X………………..

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII   **Subject – German**
Time – 90 Minutes   **Maximum Marks-40**

| 1 | So ein Pech! Tim Schließt die Augen und zieht die Bettdecke über den Kopf. Es ist Freitag, heute findet das große Fußballspiel statt. Das Finale! Seine Schule, die Sophie – Scholl – Schule, spielt gegen den Fugger – Gymnasium. Der absolute Klassiker, fast wie Borussia Dortmund gegen Bayern München!

 Alles sind da: die Schüller, die Lehrer, sogar die Direktorin!

 Aber er, Tim, der Kapitän, kann nicht mitspielen. Er muss zu Hause bleiben und im Bett liegen, weil er krank ist. Er hat eine starke Grippe, mit Fieber und Halsschmerzen. Dieser doofe April – Wetter! Seit zwei Wochen ist es bitterkalt. Es regnet und regnet. Am Dienstag hat ihn sein Team besucht. Sogar ihr Trainer der Lehrer Lutz, ist mitgekommen.

 „Mensch, Tim, du musst gesund werden", haben alle gesagt, „wir brauchen dich! Dich und deine Tore!"

 Drei Tage hat er alles versucht: Medikamente genommen, Tee getrunken, geschlafen und geschlafen. Aber keine Chance: Er hat immer noch Fieber und muss die ganze Zeit husten. Heute, gerade heute! Wirklich schade! Sein großer Traum: Einmal das Finale spielen, vielleicht die Stadt – Pokal gewinnen. Tim sieht auf die Uhr. 17 Uhr, das Spiel muss schon zu Ende sein. Seine Freunde wollen ihm sofort berichten. Was ist los? Haben sie verloren und sind zu traurig für einen Anruf? Oder feiern sie den Sieg und haben ihn völlig vergessen?

 Er muss das jetzt wissen. Er ruft Manuel an, das ist der Torwart und sein bester Freund.

 „Hey, Tim, Wie geht's dir? Schon besser?"

 „Ja, ja, aber … wie war das Spiel, Manuel? Sag schon!"

 „Das Spiel? Ach so, das Spiel! Mensch, Tim, hat dich Herr Lutz nicht angerufen?"

 „Nein, was ist denn los?"Manuel lacht

 „Also, das Spiel findet heute gar nicht statt. Das Wetter ist viel zu schlecht. Der Regen! Unser Fußballplatz ist wie ein See, er steht total unter Wasser. Aber es gibt schon einen neuen Termin…"

 „Wann? Morgen? Übermorgen?"

 „Nein, Tim, keine Sorge! Achtung, jetzt kommt die beste Nachricht: Das Spiel ist erst in zwei Wochen! Da bist du wieder gesund und kannst mitmachen. Und Tore schleißen! Mindesten drei!"

 A. Antworten die Frage:
     a. Was ist der Name von Tims Schule? | 1x5=5 |

	b. Gegen wem spielt der die Sophie – Scholl – Schule?
	c. Wer sind da?
	d. Wer ist Manuel?
	e. Wer ist Herr Lutz?
	B. Richtig oder falsch:
	  a. Die Sophie – Scholl – Schule, spielt gegen den Fugger –
	     Gymnasium.
	  b. Manuel ist der Kapitän von die Sophie – Scholl – Schule.
	  c. Tims großer Traum: Einmal das Finale spielen.
	  d. Tim muss zu Hause bleiben und im Bett liegen, weil er krank
	     ist.
	  e. Seit zwei Wochen ist es sehr heiβ. Es gibt kein regnet.
		1x5=5

2	**Wählen Sie das richtige Verb aus der Liste, und schreiben Sie es als Imperativ in die Lücke. Achten Sie auf die Verbform!**
	
	essen • gehen • haben • kaufen • lernen • reisen •
	öffnen • trinken
	
	i. Hast du Durst, Maria? Dann _____ Wasser, nicht
	       Cola.
	ii. Herr Metz, die Tür ist verschlossen. _____ Sie bitte
	       die Tür!
	iii. Kinder, Gemüse ist gesund._____ eure Karotten!
	iv. Der neue James-Bond-Film ist aus. _____ wir heute
	       Abend ins Kino!
	v. Mutti, das neue Harry-Potter-Buch ist hier. _____
	       es, bitte! Ich möchte es lesen.
		1x5=5

3	**Bau die Sätze:**
	  a. dem Jungen .Rad .gehört .das .
	  b. Figur .der .Essen . zu viel .schadet .
	  c. Den .Muskeln .hilft .Radfahren .
	  d. hat .Lust .Lydia .keine . mehr.
	  e. ist .nicht .leicht .wirklich .das .
		1x5=5

4	**Stell Fragen:** a._____? - Ja, hier darf man nicht rauchen. b. _____? - Nein, hier man kann parken. c. _____? - Ihm geht es ganz gut. d. _____? - Ihr geht es schlecht. e. _____? - Mir tut der Bauch weh.	5
5	**Was passt zusammen:**	1x5=5

i. Wie geht's Peter?	a. Sie sind ungesund.

	ii. Was tut dir weh?	b. Ich habe keinen Hunger.	
	iii.Warum isst du keine Süβigkeiten?	c. Nein, nicht mehr.	
	iv. Warum isst du so wenig?	d. Ihm geht ganz gut.	
	v. Hast du noch Bauchschmerzen?	e. Der Kopf.	

6	**Ergänzen Sie das Personalpronomen!**
	
	   a. Ich gratuliere _____, Herr Braun.
	   b. Er schickt _____, (Frau Müller) ein Telegramm.
	   c. Wie geht es _____, Ralph?
	   d. Ich zeige_____ (Karl) die Stadt.
	   e. Geht es _____ (Erika) gut?
	   f. Ich leihe _____ (Kinder) kein Geld.
	   g. Geht es deinem Sohn gut? Ja, es geht _____ gut.
	   h. Gibst du _____ (wir) einen Rat?
	   i. Ich wünsche _____ alles Gute, Kinder.
	   j. Die Mutter erklärt _____ (Lehrerin) das Problem.
			.5x10=5

7	**Lies die E-Mail und Schreib eine Antwort. Schreib ca. 40 Wörter:**
	
	Lieber Ben,
	Wie geht's? Mir geht es endlich besser. Stell dir vor, meine Mutter besucht jetzt einen Yoga – Kurs. Sie will nämlich fit und gesund bleiben. Und noch etwas … seit einem Monat ist sie Vegetarierin, also isst sie jetzt viel Salat, Obst und Gemüse. Aber ich mag kein Yoga. Ich treibe lieber Sport, also Fuβball oder Schwimmen. Und du? Was machst du im Moment? Machst du Yoga oder treibst du lieber Sport? Bist du Vegetarier? Schreib mir bald!
	
	Viele Grüβe
	Kamal
	
	    • Was machst du, um fit zu bleiben?
	    • Treibst du gern Sport oder machst du Yoga?
	    • Bist du Vegetarier/ Vegetarierin?
	    • Was darf du essen oder nicht essen?
			5

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII	**Subject – Hindi**
Time – 3 Hours	**Maximum Marks- 80**

निर्देश – **(i)** सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें।

   (ii) प्रश्न पत्र दो खण्डों में है – खण्ड क और ख

   (iii) प्रश्नों की कुल संख्या 12 है।

<u>खण्ड – 'क'</u>

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें तथा दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें :–   (1x5=5)

(i) 'अनुशासन' का अर्थ है – नियमों के अनुसार जीवन व्यतीत करना। संपूर्ण सृष्टि भी अनुशासन का पालन करती है। अनुशासित जीवन जीने से मानव प्रगति के पथ पर अग्रसर होता है। अनुशासन का पालन करने से सभी कार्य समय पर पूरे हो जाते हैं। जीवन में समयाभाव की अथवा समय पर काम पूरा न होने की शिकायत करने का अवसर ही नहीं आता है। यही नहीं समय की बचत भी होती है। सूर्य और चंद्रमा भी अनुशासन में बँधकर संसार को कर्म और विश्राम करने का संदेश देते हैं। संसार के सभी सफल व्यक्तियों ने अपने जीवन में अनुशासन का दृढ़ता से पालन किया। राष्ट्रपिता महात्मा गाँधी हों या लौहपुरूष सरदार पटेल हों, उन्होंने जनता के सामने अनुशासित जीवन जीने का सुंदर उदाहरण प्रस्तुत किया।

वर्तमान युग में कुछ लोग यह सोचते हैं कि अब मानव शिक्षित और सभ्य हो गया है। उस पर किसी प्रकार के नियमों को थोपना उचित नहीं है। वह स्वतंत्र रूप से जो भी करे, उसे करने देना चाहिए। लेकिन यदि व्यक्ति को यह अधिकार दे दिया जाए तो चारों तरफ वन्य–जीवन जैसी अव्यवस्था आ जाएगी। मानव, मानव ही है, देवता नहीं अर्थात् उसमें सुप्रवृत्तियाँ और कुप्रवृत्तियाँ दोनों ही होती हैं। मानव सभ्य तभी तक रहता है, जब तक वह अपनी सुप्रवृत्तियों के अनुसार कार्य करे। इसलिए मानव के पूर्ण विकास के लिए कुछ बंधनों और नियमों का होना आवश्यक है। अनुशासनबद्धता मानव–जीवन के मार्ग में बाधक नहीं, अपितु उसको पूर्ण उन्नति तक पहुँचाने के लिए अनुकूल अवसर प्रदान करती है। इसलिए अनुशासन के बिना तो मानव जीवन की कल्पना भी नहीं की जा सकती है। अनुशासन के बंधन में बँधकर मनुष्य समय का सदुपयोग करते हुए अपने जीवन में उन्नति कर सकता है।

(क) 'अनुशासन' का क्या अर्थ है?
(ख) 'मानव, मानव ही है, देवता नहीं' – इस कथन का क्या तात्पर्य है?
(ग) मानव सभ्य कब कहलाता है?
(घ) संसार के सभी सफल व्यक्तियों ने किस बात को अपने जीवन में महत्त्व दिया?
(ङ) अनुशासित जीवन जीने से होने वाले किन्हीं दो लाभ का उल्लेख करें।

(ii) निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यान से पढ़ें तथा दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें :–   (1x5=5)

       मानव जीवन में आत्मसम्मान का अत्यधिक महत्त्व है। आत्मसम्मान में अपने व्यक्तित्व को अधिकाधिक सशक्त एवं प्रतिष्ठित बनाने की भावना निहित होती है। इससे शक्ति, साहस, उत्साह आदि गुणों का जन्म होता है जो जीवन की उन्नति का मार्ग प्रशस्त करते हैं। आत्मसम्मान की भावना से पूर्ण व्यक्ति संघर्षों की परवाह नहीं करता है और हर विषम परिस्थिति से टक्कर लेता है। ऐसे व्यक्ति जीवन में पराजय का मुँह नहीं देखते तथा निरंतर यश की प्राप्ति करते हैं। आत्मसम्मानी व्यक्ति धर्म, सत्य, न्याय और नीति के पथ का अनुगमन

करता है। उसके जीवन में ही सच्चे सुख और शांति का निवास होता है। परोपकार, जनसेवा जैसे कार्यों में उसकी रुचि होती है। लोकप्रियता और सामाजिक प्रतिष्ठा उसे सहज ही प्राप्त होती है। ऐसे व्यक्ति में अपने राष्ट्र के प्रति सच्ची निष्ठा होती है तथा मातृभूमि की उन्नति के लिए वह अपने प्राणों को उत्सर्ग करने में भी सुख की अनुभूति करता है। चूँकि आत्मसम्मानी व्यक्ति अपनी अथवा दूसरों की आत्मा का हनन करना पसंद नहीं करता है, इसलिए वह ईर्ष्या–द्वेष जैसी भावनाओं से मुक्त होकर मानव मात्र को अपने परिवार का अंग मानता है। उसके हृदय में स्वार्थ, लोभ और अहंकार का भाव नहीं होता। निश्छल हृदय होने के कारण वह आसुरी प्रवृत्तियों से सर्वथा मुक्त होता है। उसमें ईश्वर के प्रति सच्ची भक्ति एवं विश्वास होता है, जिससे उसकी आध्यात्मिक शक्ति का विकास होता है। जीवन को सरस और मधुर बनाने के लिए आत्मसम्मान रसायन–तुल्य है।

(क) 'आत्मसम्मान' से किन गुणों का जन्म होता है?

(ख) आत्मसम्मानी व्यक्ति मानव मात्र को अपने परिवार का अंग क्यों मानता है?

(ग) निश्छल हृदय होने से आत्मसम्मानी व्यक्ति को क्या लाभ होता है?

(घ) जिन लोगों में आत्मसम्मान के भाव होते हैं, उन्हें कैसे कार्यों में रूचि होती है?

(ङ) आत्मसम्मानी व्यक्ति कैसे पथ का अनुगमन करता है?

प्रश्न 2. (i) हिन्दी भाषा का महत्त्व बताएँ। (2)

(ii) अनुस्वार तथा अनुनासिक में अंतर उदाहरण सहित लिखें। (2)

(iii) उष्म व्यंजन छाँटें – (2)

क, श, य, र, ष, स, व, ह, ल.

प्रश्न 3. (i) निम्नलिखित मुहावरों का वाक्यों में प्रयोग करें :– (2)

(क) अक्ल पर पत्थर पड़ना

(ख) एक आँख से देखना

(ii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से योगरूढ़ शब्द छाँटें :– (2)

हिमालय, लंबोदर, नीलकंठ, रसोईघर, अँधेरा

प्रश्न 4. (i) निम्नलिखित अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द लिखें:– (2)

(क) जिसके प्रति संदेह हो

(ख) दो देखने योग्य हो

(ii) निम्नलिखित समरूपी भिन्नार्थक शब्दों को वाक्यों में प्रयोग करें जिससे अर्थ स्पष्ट हो जाए :– (2)

(क) उपयुक्त   (ख) नीयत

उपर्युक्त   नियत

(iii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के एक–एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें :– (1)

अंश, इच्छा

(iv) निम्नलिखित एकार्थक शब्दों के अर्थ लिखें :– (1)

आधि, व्याधि

(v) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखें :– (1)

आकर्षण, आयात

प्रश्न 5. (i) 'संवाद' शब्द से उपसर्ग एवं मूल शब्द अलग कर लिखें। (1)

(ii) 'आई' तथा 'वान' प्रत्यय का प्रयोग करते हुए एक–एक शब्द लिखें। (1)

(iii) 'गुरूमुखी' लिपि में लिखी जाने वाली भाषा का नाम लिखें। (1)

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में लिखें :–   (1x5=5)

(क) कवि ने 'ध्वनि' नामक कविता में 'पुष्प' शब्द का प्रयोग किसके लिए किया है?
(ख) 'भगवान के डाकिये' नामक कविता के कवि का नाम लिखें।
(ग) 'बस की यात्रा' नामक पाठ साहित्य की कौन सी विधा है?
(घ) 1972 ई. से विश्व संघ ने पत्र लेखन कला के विकास के लिए क्या प्रयास किया?
(ङ) दोषों का पर्दाफाश करना कब बुरा रूप ले लेता है?

प्रश्न 7. (i) निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़ें तथा दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें :–   (1x3=3)

उसका अभी तक वस्तु–विनिमय का तरीका था और लोग अनाज के बदले उससे चूड़ियाँ ले जाते थे। बदलु स्वभाव से बहुत सीधा था। मैंने कभी भी उसे किसी से झगड़ते नहीं देखा। हाँ, शादी–विवाह के अवसरों पर वह अवश्य जिद पकड़ जाता था। जीवन भर चाहे कोई उससे मुफ्त चूड़ियाँ ले जाए, परंतु विवाह के अवसर पर वह सारी कसर निकाल लेता था। आखिर सुहाग के जोड़े का महत्त्व ही और होता है। विवाह में इसी जोड़े का मूल्य इतना बढ़ जाता था कि उसके लिए उसकी घरवाली को कई सारे वस्त्र मिलते, ढेरों अनाज मिलता, उसकी अपने लिए पगड़ी मिलती और रुपये जो मिलते सो अलग।

(क) बदलु अपनी चूड़ियों की बिक्री के लिए कौन सा तरीका अपनाता था?
(ख) विवाह के अवसर पर चूड़ियों के बदले उसकी घरवाली को क्या–क्या मिलता था?
(ग) किस अवसर पर बदलू द्वारा बनायी गई चूड़ियों का महत्त्व बढ़ जाता था?

(ii) निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश के आधार पर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें :–   (1x3=3)

पक्षी और बादल
ये भगवान के डाकिए हैं,
जो एक महादेश से
दूसरे महादेश को जाते हैं।
हम तो समझ नहीं पाते हैं
मगर उनकी लाई चिट्ठियाँ
पेड़ पौधे, पानी और पहाड़
बाँचते हैं।

(क) पक्षी और बादल कहाँ से कहाँ जाते हैं?
(ख) भगवान द्वारा भेजी गई चिट्ठियों को कौन नहीं समझ पाता है?
(ग) भगवान द्वारा भेजी गई चिट्ठियों को कौन–कौन पढ़ पाते हैं?

प्रश्न 8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखें :–   (2x5=10)

(क) 'ध्वनि' नामक कविता में कवि किसे जगाना चाहते हैं तथा क्यों?
(ख) भगवान के डाकिये क्या संदेश लाते हैं?
(ग) लेखक जिस बस से यात्रा कर रहे थे, वह कब तथा कितने बजे खुलती थी? उसी बस से यात्रा करने का क्या कारण था?
(घ) पत्र को 'कन्नड़' तथा 'तमिल' भाषा में क्या कहा जाता है?
(ङ) लेखक का मन समाचार पत्रों को पढ़कर क्यों बैठ जाता है?

प्रश्न 9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें :– (3x3=9)

(क) 'मशीनी युग ने कितने ही हाथ काट दिए हैं।' इस पंक्ति द्वारा लेखक क्या कहना चाहता है?
(ख) लेखक हर पेड़ को अपना दुश्मन क्यों समझ रहा था?
(ग) 'मनुष्यता समाप्त हो गई है' – ऐसा लेखक क्यों नहीं मानते? पाठ के आधार पर उदाहरण देकर लिखें।

प्रश्न 10. 'मधुकलश' पर आधारित निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखे :– (2x5=10)

(क) लकड़हारे के कितने पुत्र थे? वह बहू को घर क्यों नहीं लाता था?
(ख) संन्यासी से राजकुमार को क्या सीख मिली?
(ग) लेखक को दादाजी के सानिध्य से क्या लाभ हुआ?
(घ) प्रेमचंद के जीवन का साधारण सा नियम क्या था?
(ङ) पापा ने छड़ी क्यों स्वीकार कर ली?

प्रश्न 11. अत्यधिक परीक्षा से उत्पन्न तनाव से मुक्ति हेतु प्राचार्य को पत्र लिखें। (5)
या
प्रतियोगी परीक्षाओं की तैयारी हेतु उचित व्यवस्था के लिए प्राचार्य को पत्र लिखें।

प्रश्न 12. निम्नलिखित विषय में से किसी एक विषय पर 100 –150 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखें।
(क) हर घर तिरंगा अभियान
संकेत बिन्दु–   (5)
➢ अर्थ
➢ उद्देश्य
➢ कब से कब तक
➢ निष्कर्ष
(ख) जीवन में खेल – कूद का महत्त्व
संकेत बिन्दु–
➢ भूमिका
➢ महत्त्व
➢ नुकसान
➢ निष्कर्ष

(ग) विद्यालय में नैतिक शिक्षा का महत्त्व
संकेत बिन्दु–
➢ भूमिका
➢ वर्तमान स्थिति
➢ महत्त्व
➢ निष्कर्ष

_____

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII	**Subject – Japanese**
Time – 90 Minutes	**Maximum Marks- 40**

1. Write the complete sentences with kanji for the underlined Hiragana characters sentence.　　[3]
   1) わたしは インドじん です。にほんじん では ありません。
   2) もう ひが しずみ ましたね。でも つきが きれい ですよ。
   3) みずを かけると、ひが きえますよ。
   4) にほんで いちばん おおきな としは どこですか?
   5) めが よくない ので、メガネを かけています。

2. Write the following sentences in plain form.　　[4]
   1) げつようびは、にほんごのしけんです。
   2) あしたはきんようびですよ。どようびではないです。
   3) このもんだいのこたえはなんでしたか。
   4) これからどうしますか？

3. Write the complete sentence with the correct option.　　[2]
   1) きのうヤスミンちゃんのいえに (　　　　) 。　　(いきました / きました)
   2) このにもつはデリーから (　　　　) 。　　　　(いきました / きました)
   3) いえにあそびに (　　) ？　　　　　　(いく / くる)
   4) らいげつ、にほんに (　　　) 。　　　　(いきます / いきました)

4. Write the days of the week in Japanese (Kanji & Hiragana).　　[3]

5. Translate the following sentences in Japanese.　　[5]
   1) It was a beautiful day yesterday.　　　　(Plain)
   2) It's warm today.　　　　(Polite)
   3) How was your test?　　　　(Plain)
   4) I got a perfect score.　　　　(Plain)
   5) You have a test at 2 o'clock.　　　　(Polite)

6. Answer the following questions in Japanese. [2]
   1) にほんごで「Thank you for your hard work.」はなんといいますか？

   2) ともだちからプレゼントをもらったとき、にほんごでなんといいますか？

   3) ひらがなとカタカナ、どちらのほうがむずかしいとおもいますか？

   4) アメリカとにほんでは、どちらのほうがインドからちかいですか？

7. Translate the following Japanese sentences in English. [5]
   1) このさんすうのもんだいのこたえ、分かる？

   2) きょうは6月1日すいようびです。

   3) とてもいいてんきでした。

   4) あしたはいえでえいがを見るつもりです。

   5) しゅくだいをしたあとに、えいがを見ます。

8. Fill in the blanks with correct meanings in Japanese(Hiragana). [2]
   1) (   )からいものをたべれるようになったんだ。   (recently)

   2) このもんだいは(   )じゃないの？   (easy)

   3) うちのかいしゃはみちの(   )にあります。   (other side)

   4) がっこうでつかっている(   )のなまえはなんですか？   (textbook)

9. Rearrange the jumbled words to make meaningful sentences. [4]
   1) 下に / とり / います / が / き / の / 。
   2) ねこ / いぬごやの / 後ろに / います / が / 。
   3) 前に / が / あります / バイク / くるまの / 。
   4) あります / いえ / みせの / が / 左に   / 。

10. Write an essay on "My Teacher" or "My House" in Japanese. [5]
    Your essay must be a minimum of five sentences.

11. Read the given passage and answer the following questions. [5]
    きのうおなかがいたくなりました。だからびょういんへいきました。おいしゃさんからくすり
    のせつめいをしてもらいました。
    「あおいくすりは、1日3かい、ごはんをたべたあとにのんでください。しろいくすりは1日に1
    かい、ねるまえにのんでください。しろいくすりをのんだあとに、うんどうをしてはいけませ
    ん。らいげつ、またけんさをするつもりです。おだいじに。」
    1) きのうどこへいきましたか？
    2) ごはんをたべたあと、どのくすりをのみますか？
    3) ねるまえにどのくすりをのみますか？
    4) しろいくすりをのんだあとに、なにをしてはいけませんか？
    5) あおいくすりは、いちにちなんかいのみますか？

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII	**Subject – Mathematics**
Time – 3 Hours	**Maximum Marks- 80**

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

1. This question paper

 contains two parts A and B

2. Both part A and B have internal choices.

Part-A:

1. It consists two sections I and II

2. Section I has 16 questions of 1 mark each. Internal choice is provided in 5 questions.

3. Section II has 4 questions on case study.Each case study has 5 case-based sub-parts.An examinee is to attempt any 4 out of 5 sub-parts.

Part-B:

1. Question No 21 to 26 are very short answer Type questions of 2 marks each.

2. Question No 27 to 33 are Short answer Type questions of 3 marks each.

3. Question No 34 to 36 are Long Answer Type questions of 5 marks each.

4. Internal choice is provided in 2 questions of 2 marks,2 questions of 3 marks and 1 question of 5 marks.

PART-A

SECTION-I

Section I has 16 questions of 1 mark each. Internal choice is provided in 5 questions.

1. Write the product of a non-zero rational number and its reciprocal.

2. Find $\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{14}{3} \div \frac{2}{3}$

3. Tanishka has a farm land which is hexagonal in shape. What is the sum of all the exterior angles taken in an order of the farm land?

OR

Draw a regular convex octagon showing all its diagonals

4. Two-third of a number less than the original number by 10.find the original number.

<div align="center">OR</div>

   What is the maximum numbers of solutions of a linear equation in one variable?

5. Find the product of additive inverse and multiplicative inverse of $\frac{1}{7}$.

6. Is it possible to construct a right angled scalene triangle with sides 6cm,10cm and 8cm? Give reason.

7. How many natural numbers lie between 18^2 and 19^2 ?

8. Write a Pythagorean triplet whose greatest member is 5.

9. Express 121 as a sum of successive odd natural numbers.

<div align="center">OR</div>

   Find the sum of first 25 odd natural numbers.

10. Express 1729 as a sum of two cubes in two different ways. Who is founder of this number

<div align="center">OR</div>

   Write the total surface area of cube whose length of edge is 6 cm

11. Find the smallest multiple of 36 which is a perfect cube

12. Write in usual form : 100 X a+10 X b+1 X c

13. If the three- digit number 24x is divisible by 3,what are the possible values of x?

14. If a be the reciprocal of b,then find the reciprocal of a^2 in terms of b.

15. Vansh walks $\frac{2}{3}$ km from a place P,towards east and then from there $1\frac{5}{7}$ km towards west.Where will he be now from P?

16. Simplify: $\frac{8}{5}$ x $\frac{3}{7}$ x $\frac{15}{32}$ x $\frac{14}{9}$

<div align="center">OR</div>

Express in standard form of the rational number $\frac{184}{207}$

<div align="center">SECTION-II</div>

   Case study based questions are compulsory. Attempt any 4 sub-parts out of 5 sub parts of each question. Each sub parts carries 1 mark

<u>CASE STUDY BASED-I</u>

THE GREATNESS OF A CULTURE CAN BE FOUND IN ITS FESTIVALS (HARE KRISHNA MOVEMENT)……….

17.On the occasion of JANMASTAMI FESTIVAL Riya takes some flowers in a basket and visits four temples one by one. At each temple, she offers one half of the flowers from the basket. If she is left with a flower at the end,

(a) The number of flowers offered by her in first temple

(i) 8   (ii) 4   (iii) 2   (iv) 16

(b) The number of flowers offered by her in second temple

(i) 32   (ii) 16   (iii) 8   (iv) 4

(c) The number of flowers offered by her in third temple

(i) 64   (ii) 32   (iii) 16   (iv) 2

(d) The number of flowers offered by her in fourth temple

(i) 1   (ii) 2   (iii) 3   (iv) 4

(e) The number of flowers she had in the beginning is

(a) 13   (ii) 14   (iii) 15   (iv) 16

CASE STUDY BASED-2

NEVER TAKE YOUR EYES OFF THE TARGET

18. One card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards, each of the 52 cards being equally likely to be drawn.
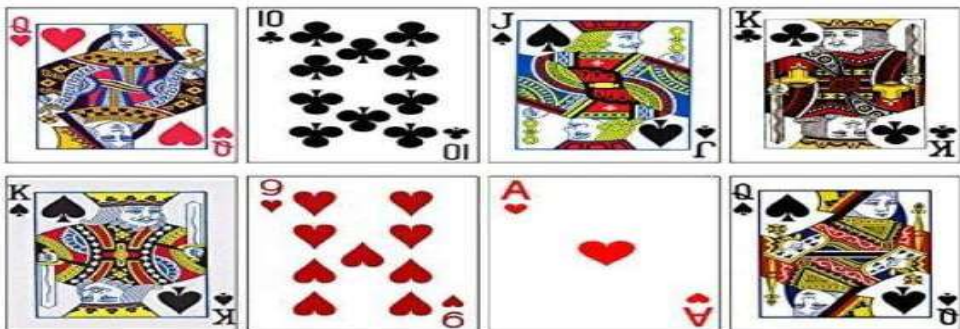
(a) What is the probability that the card drawn is an ace?

(i) $\frac{1}{4}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{13}$ (iii) $\frac{1}{8}$ (iv) $\frac{7}{8}$

(b) What is the Probability that the card drawn is red?

(i) 2   (ii) $\frac{3}{4}$ (iii) $\frac{1}{4}$ (iv) $\frac{1}{2}$

(c) What is the probability that the card drawn is a face card?

(i) 0   (ii) $\frac{3}{13}$ (iii) sure event   (iv) $\frac{1}{2}$

(d) What is the probability that the card drawn is '2' of spade ?

(i) $\frac{1}{52}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{13}$ (iii) Impossible event   (iv) $\frac{1}{2}$

(e) What is the probability that card drawn is '10' of a black suit?

(i) $\frac{1}{13}$ (ii) $\frac{2}{13}$ (iii) $\frac{1}{2}$ (iv) $\frac{1}{26}$

CASE STUDY BASED-3.

'NUMBER RULES THE UNIVERSE'

YOU HAVE TO BE ODD TO BE NUMBER ONE

PLAYING WITH THREE DIGIT NUMBERS BY REVERSING THE DIGITS……

19.Three digit number starts from 100 and ends at 999.We are able to form two more three-digit number in each case, like this if you choose abc, then the first number is cab and other number is bca. Then add the three numbers. then answer the following

(a) The quotient obtained by dividing the sum (417+174+741) by 111 we get

(i) 11   (ii) 12   (iii) 13   (iv) 36

(b) The remainder obtained by dividing the sum(632+263+326) by 37 we get

(i) 0   (ii) 33   (iii) 11   (iv) 37

(c) If abc is a three digit number,then the number abc-a-b-c is divisible by

(i) 9   (ii) 11   (iii) 10   (iv) 90

(d) The resulting number obtained (abc+cab+bca) must be exactly divisible by

(i) 37   (ii) 27   (iii) 47   (iv) 57

(e) How many three –digit numbers are there in all?

(i) 999   (ii) 998   (iii) 899   (iv) 900

CASE STUDY BASED-4

LIKE THE COLOURS OF RANGOLI MAY, COMING PUJA BRIGHTENS UP YOUR LIFE

Rangoli resembles life all you have to do is connect the right dots to make them perfect.

20. A Rangoli has been drawn on a floor of a house. ABCD and PQRS both are in the shape of a rhombus.
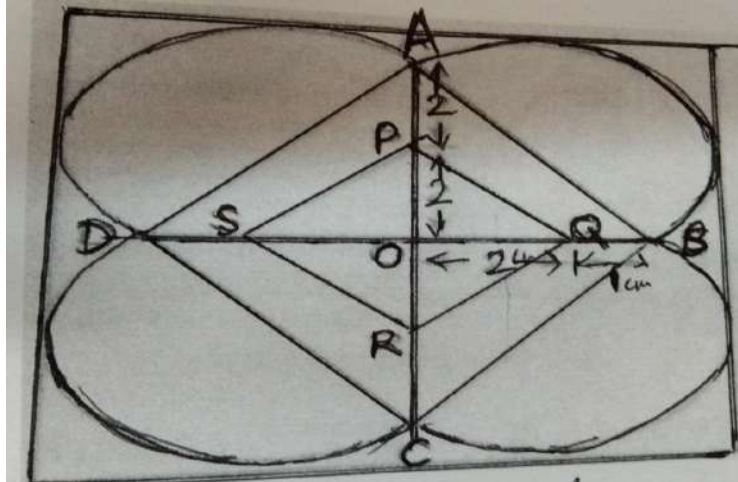
(a) The diagonals of the rhombus bisect each other at

(i) Acute angle (ii) Right angle (iii) Obtuse angle (iv) Reflex angle

(b) The length of diagonal AC is

(i) 8cm   (ii) 4cm   (iii) 2cm   (iv) 1cm

(c) The length of diagonal BD is

(i) 3cm   (ii) 4cm   (iii) 5cm   (iv) 6cm

(d) The length of the diameter AB of semi-circle is

(i) 7cm   (ii) 6cm   (iii) 5cm   (iv) 4cm

(e) The perimeter of rhombus ABCD is

(i) 28cm   (ii) 24cm   (iii) 20cm   (iv) 16cm

PART-B

All questions are compulsory.In case of internal choices,attempt any one.

Qnos 21 to 26 each carries 2 marks   (2x6=12)

21. Multiply the number 137592 by the smallest number so that the product is a perfect cube. Also, find the cube root of the product.

22. Find the smallest square number divisible by each one of the number 6,9,15 and 20.

The product of two numbers is 1296 and their quotient is 16 .Find the numbers.

23. The interior angle of a regular polygon is 108^0.Find the number of sides of the polygon.

24. Evaluate: $\frac{6}{7}$ - 2+ $\frac{-7}{9}$ + $\frac{19}{21}$

<div align="center">OR</div>

What should be added to $\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}\right)$ to get 6?

25. Find the square root of 361 by the method of repeated subtraction.

26. The sum of two numbers is 120 and their ratio is 7:8.Find the numbers.

<u>Qnos 27 to 33 each carries 3 marks   (3x7=21)</u>

27. Represent $-\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ on the same number line.

28. A steamer goes down stream from the one point to another in 9 hours. It covers the same distance upstream in 10 hours. If the speed of the stream be 1 km/hr, find the speed of the steamer in still water and the distance between the ports.

<div align="center">OR</div>

A number is 56 greater than the arithmetic mean of its third, quarter and one-twelfth. Find it

29. Construct a quadrilateral REST in which RE=2.7cm, ES=3.5cm ,ST=4cm,RT=6cm and angle E= 90^0.

30. Draw a pie chart of the data given below.

The number of students admitted in different faculties of a college are given below:

Faculty	Science	Arts	Commerce	Law	Education	Total
Number of students	1000	1200	650	450	300	3600

31. A 13m long ladder is leaned against a wall.The ladder reaches the wall to a height of 12m.Find the distance between the wall and the foot of the ladder.

32. Three numbers are in the ratio 1:2:3.The sum of their cubes is 7776.Find the numbers

<div align="center">OR</div>

Evaluate: $\dfrac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[3]{8000}+\sqrt[3]{343}}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{441}+\sqrt{16}+\sqrt{4}}}$

33. Solve the Cryptarithm : $\overline{AB}$ X $\overline{AB}$ $=\overline{ACB}$

34. **ABCD is a Rhombus and ABE is an equilateral triangle. E and D lie on opposite sides of AB. If ∠BCD=78°,calculate ∠ *ADE and* ∠*BDE***

35. **Construct a quadrilateral COPE where CO=3.5cm OP=6.5cm,∠ C=75^0,∠O=105^0 and ∠P =120^0 by using ruler and compass.Also write steps of construction.**

<div align="center">**OR**</div>

Construct a Rhombus BOLD whose diagonals BL and OD measures 6cm and 8cm.also write steps of construction. Verify by actual measurement perimeter is 20cm

36. **In a hypothetical sample of 20 people,the amount of money (in thousands of rupees) with each was found to be as follows:**

    114,108,100,98,101,109,117,119,126,131,136,143,156,169,182,195,207,219,235,118.

    Draw a histogram of the frequency distribution,taking one of the class interval as 50-100.

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII   **Subject – Physical Education**
Time – 90 Minutes   **Maximum Marks- 50**

General Instructions:-

1. The question paper consist of 50 objective question.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. All questions carrying one mark (1×50 =50)

---

1. Shoulder dislocation injuries are commonly associated with?
   a. Rowing
   b. Basketball
   c. Volley Ball
   d. football

2. Which Indian athlete did not participated in common wealth games 2022?
   a. P V Sindhu
   b. LovilnaBorgohian
   c. Neeraj Chopra
   d. KidambiSrikanth

3. Vitamin E is important for?
   a. Protecting cells
   b. Vital tissue protection
   c. Bath (a)&(b)
   d. Development of bones.

4. Which is the example of high Energy & high nutrition food?
   a. ice cream
   b. Fruits , Vegetables, and Chocolate
   c. Milk and Cheese
   d. Pancake and Pizza

5. Sushila Devi sikmabam has won silver in which gamein common wealth games 2022?
   a. Judo
   b. Weightlifting
   c. Badminton
   d. Boxing

6. Who won India's first gold medal in common wealth games 2022?
   a. Jeremy Lalrinnunga
   b. AchintaSheuli
   c. MirabaiChanu
   d. GururajPoojary

7. Which type of food will lead to obesity?
   a. Balanced Diet
   b. Junk & oily food
   c. Nutritional food
   d. None of these
8. What is the exact cause of muscle cramp?
   a. Injury
   b. Dehydration
   c. Vitamin Deficiency
   d. None of these
9. How do Long bones of legs become soft?
   a. Because of deficiency of calcium & phosphorous
   b. Because of over weight
   c. Deficiency of Vitamin C
   d. None of these
10. The Yoga practice session should always start with?
    a. Pranayama
    b. Asana
    c. Kriya
    d. Silence
11. Who won men's singles championship in Wimbeldon open 2022?
    a. Alexander Zverev
    b. Novak Djokovic
    c. Rafael Nadal
    d. Carlos Alcaraz
12. Who won women's singles championship in French open 2022?
    a. Jessica Pingula
    b. IgaSwiatek
    c. Veronica Kudermentova
    d. Daria Kasatkina
13. Who is known as "God of Cricket"?
    a. Ricky Ponting
    b. MS Dhoni
    c. Sachin Tendulkar
    d. Anil Kumble
14. Who is the first Indian women to won an Asian Games gold medal in 400m run?
    a. M.L. Valsamma
    b. PT Usha
    c. KamaljitSandu
    d. KMalleshwari
15. Who won T20 World cup 2021?
    a. India
    b. West Indies
    c. New Zealand
    d. Australia

16. Who won men's singles championship in French open 2022
    a. JannikSiuner
    b. Rafael Nadal
    c. Camero Norrie
    d. CameroNorme
17. Which asana can be perform immediately after the meal ?
    a. Parvat asana
    b. Bhujang asana
    c. Vajra asana
    d. Chakra asana
18. A sprain is an injury to
    a. Muscle
    b. bone
    c. Connective Tissue
    d. Ligament
19. When did Christiano Ronaldo join Juventus footballClub?
    a. 2016
    b. 2017
    c. 2018
    d. 2019
20. Which type of food contains carbohydrate?
    a. Wheat, bread, rice
    b. Fish
    c. Vegetables
    d. chicken, meat
21. How many times Indian Hockey team won medal in Olympic games yet?
    a. 03
    b. 08
    c. 02
    d. 05
22. Lakshya sen has won gold medal for India in which game at the common wealth games 2022?
    a. Badminton
    b. Hockey
    c. Tennis
    d. Squash
23. Which nutrient provides the most amount of energy per gram?
    a. Carbohydrate
    b. Fat
    c. Protein
    d. Vitamin
24. Which day is celebrated as International Yoga Day ?
    a. June 20
    b. June 21
    c. June 22
    d. June 23

25. Who is the first Indian women badminton player to won Olympic Medal?
    a. SainaNehwal
    b. SrikanthKidambi
    c. P.T Usha
    d. P.V. Sindhu
26. In which city CWG 2012 was held?
    a. London
    b. Glasgow
    c. Sydney
    d. Birmingham
27. The ability of the muscles to exert maximum force is called?
    a. Muscular endurance
    b. Agility
    c. Flexibility
    d. None of these
28. What is the another name of Cobalamin?
    a. Vitamin B12
    b. Vitamin B2
    c. Vitamin B6
    d. Vitamin B11
29. The official Mascot of common wealth games 2022 is?
    a. Perry
    b. Shera
    c. Goldie
    d. Kenyo
30. How many countries participated in common wealth games 2022?
    a. 56
    b. 65
    c. 81
    d. 72
31. Who won India's second gold medal in the mens 67kg category weight lifting in CWG 2022?
    a. Vikas Thakur
    b. Deepak Lather
    c. Jeriny Lalrinnunja
    d. Harshad Wadekar
32. How many athletes from India participated in common wealth games 2022?
    a. 210
    b. 215
    c. 221
    d. 225
33. Which micro minerals are helpful in production of hormones in the thyroid gland?
    a. Iron
    b. Iodine
    c. Chromium
    d. Copper

34. The best way to prevent sports injuries :
    a. Stay Calm
    b. not to do to much effort
    c. Good warming up and stretching
    d. Not to play at all
35. For complete treatmentof sports injuries one shoulddepend upon ?
    a. physiotherapy
    b. the Corrective exercise Therapy
    c. Both (a) & (b)
    d. Conditioning,
36. What is the Sanskrit Root for the etymological derivation of the word 'Yoga'?
    a. Yug
    b. Yuge
    c. Yuj
    d. Yoj
37. Which asana is helpful in maintaining blood pressure?
    a. Shavasana
    b. Padmasana
    c. Sheershana
    d. Shalbhalana
38. Which country will host ICC cricket world cup 2023?
    a. India
    b. Pakistan
    c. England
    d. Australia
39. A good warm up will:
    a. increase your blood flow
    b. Boost your breathing
    c. Warm your muscles
    d. All of the above.
40. Who is the founder of CWG?
    a. Pierre de Coubertin
    b. Melville Marks Robinson
    c. Astley Cooper
    d. None of the above
41. Which of the following Vitamin helps in bloodcotting?
    a. Vitamin A
    b. Vitamin D
    c. Vitamin C
    d. Vitamin K
42. What is the old name of Kabaddi?
    a. Ha-do-do
    b. Hu-tu-tu
    c. Chu- kit-kit
    d. None of the above

43. Numer of players who plays in a kabaddi match is ----
    a. 07
    b. 08
    c. 09
    d. 11
44. When was the Indian Olympic association formed?
    a. 1927
    b. 1936
    c. 1922
    d. 1947
45. In which CWG 2022 did India won gold for first time?
    a. Men's Lawnball
    b. Women's Lawnball
    c. Women's Hockey
    d. Men's Hockey
46. The term "mule kick" is associated with which sports?
    a. Karate
    b. Judo
    c. Kabaddi
    d. Football
47. How many officials are National requried in Kabaddi game?
    a. 5
    b. 6
    c. 7
    d. 9
48. Total numer of medals India won in common wealth games 2022?
    a. 79
    b. 61
    c. 82
    d. 54
49. What is the playing surface measure for men in Kabaddi?
    a. 14 X 10 meters
    b. 14 X 11 meters
    c. 13 X 10 meters
    d. None of the above
50. On which day common wealth games 2022 completed ?
    a. 9 August
    b. 8 August
    c. 11 August
    d. 12 August

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class – VIII	**Subject – Sanskrit**
Time – 90 Minutes	**Maximum Marks- 40**

<div align="center">खण्ड – 'क'</div>

प्रश्न 1. अधोलिखितं पद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत :–

<div align="center">
जाड्यं धियो हरति सिञ्चति वाचि सत्यम्,
मानोन्नतिं दिशति पापमपाकरोति।
चेतः प्रसादयति दिक्षु तनोति कीर्तिम्,
सत्संगतिः कथय किं न करोति पुंसाम्।।
</div>

(क) एकपदेन उत्तरत :– (1/2x2=1)
(i) का पापम् अपाकरोति?
(ii) सत्संगतिः कुत्र कीर्तिम् तनोति?

(ख) एकवाक्येन उत्तरत :– (1x2=2)
(i) सत्संगतिः वाचि किम् सिञ्चति?
(ii) सत्संगतिः कां दिशति?

(ग) उचितं विकल्पं चिनुत :– (1/2x4=2)
(i) 'वाचि' अत्र का विभक्ति प्रयुक्ता?
(अ) पंचमी　　　(ब) षष्ठी　　　(स) सप्तमी　　　(द) संबोधन

(ii) 'प्रसादयति' अत्र कः लकारः प्रयुक्तः?
(अ) लट्　　　(ब) लृट्　　　(स) लङ्　　　(द) लोट्

(iii) 'सत्संगतिः' अत्र किम् लिंगं प्रयुक्तम्?
(अ) पुल्लिंगं　　　(ब) स्त्रीलिंगं　　　(स) नपुंसकलिंगं　　　(द) अन्यलिंगं

(iv) 'पुंसाम्' अत्र किम् वचनं प्रयुक्तं ?
(अ) एकवचनं　　　(ब) द्विवचनं　　　(स) बहुवचनं　　　(द) अन्यवचनं

प्रश्न 2. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत :–

एकस्मिन् वने तीक्ष्णनखः नाम सिंहः प्रतिवसति स्म। क्षुधार्तः एकदा सः मृगयार्थं इतस्ततः परिभ्रमन् भृशं श्रान्तः जातः। सायंकाले यदा सः कस्यचित् पशोः एकां गुहां दृष्टवान् तदा सः प्रविस्य गुहायाम् उपाविशत् तत्र निलीय निषीदन् सिंहः अचिन्तयत् यत् अस्याः गुहायाः वास्तव्यः पशुः यदा अन्तः आयाति तदैव अहं तं आक्रम्य हनिष्यामि।

(क) एकपदेन उत्तरत :– (1/2x2=1)
(i) सिंहस्य किम् नाम आसीत्?
(ii) सिंहः गुहां कदा दृष्टवान्?

<div align="center">1</div>

(ख) एकवाक्येन उत्तरत :–   (1x2=2)
(i) श्रान्तः सिंहः कस्मात् कारणात् गुहाम् प्राविशत्?
(ii) सिंहः कुत्र प्रतिवसति स्म?

(ग) उचितं विकल्पं चिनुत :–   (1/2x4=2)
(i) 'गुहा' अत्र किम् लिंगम् प्रयुक्तम्?
(अ) पुल्लिंगं   (ब) स्त्रीलिंगं   (स) नपुंसकलिंगं   (द) अन्यलिंगं

(ii) 'अहं तं आक्रम्य हनिष्यामि' अत्र क्रियापदः कः?
(अ) अहं   (ब) आक्रम्य   (स) हनिष्यामि   (द) तं

(iii) 'वने' अत्र का विभक्ति प्रयुक्ता?
(अ) पंचमी   (ब) षष्ठी   (स) सप्तमी   (द) संबोधन

(iv) 'अचिन्तयत्' अत्र कः लकारः प्रयुक्तः?
(अ) लोट्   (ब) लङ्   (स) लट्   (द) लृट्

प्रश्न 3. कोष्ठकात् संख्यावाचीशब्दान् प्रयोगं कुरुत :–   (1/2x4=2)

(क) अत्र ——— छात्रौ स्तः (2)
(ख) विद्यालये ——— छात्राः खेलन्ति (4)
(ग) सा ——— छात्रा अस्ति (1)
(घ) वृक्षात् ——— पत्राणि पतन्ति (3)

प्रश्न 4. उपपद - विभक्तिं प्रयोगं कुरुत :–   (1/2x4=2)

(क) ——— अभितः वृक्षाः सन्ति। (ग्राम)
(ख) ——— सर्वतः वृक्षाः सन्ति। (विद्यालय)
(ग) अलम् ———। (विवाद)
(घ) सीता ——— सह वनं गता। (राम)

प्रश्न 5. अधोलिखित – वाक्यानां संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत :–   (1x3=3)

(क) वह पढ़ने के लिए स्कूल जाती है।
(ख) बालिका खाकर सोती है।
(ग) सत्संगति चित्त को प्रसन्न करती है।

प्रश्न 6. विलोमपदानि लिखत :–   (1/2x4=2)

(क) जलयानम् = ———
(ख) वीरः = ———
(ग) लघुः = ———
(घ) अन्तः = ———

प्रश्न 7. रेखांकितानि वाक्यानि शुद्धानि कुरुत :–   (1x4=4)

(क) सीमन्तिनीषु कः श्रेष्ठा अस्ति। = ———
(ख) बलवन्तं शीतम् न बाधति। = ———

2

(ग) <u>सिंहः</u> करिणां कुलं हन्ति। = ––––––
(घ) कातरः <u>युद्धे</u> पलायते। = ––––––

प्रश्न 8. रेखांकितानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरूत :– (1x5=5)

(क) भारतवर्ष <u>पर्वाणां</u> देशः कथ्यते।
(ख) <u>रात्रौ</u> जनाः लक्ष्मीं पूजयन्ति।
(ग) <u>दुर्व्यसनानि</u> सर्वथा त्याज्यानि।
(घ) रामचन्द्रः <u>रावणं</u> हतवान्।
(ड़) दीपावली महोत्सवे जनाः <u>दीपमालिकाभिः</u> स्वगृहाणि सज्जयन्ति।

प्रश्न 9. समानार्थकपदानि लिखत :– (1/2x4=2)

(क) मृगेन्द्रः =
(ख) गह्वरी =
(ग) खलु =
(घ) मारयिष्यामि =

प्रश्न 10. सन्धिं कृत्वा लिखत :– (1/2x4=2)

(क) अद्भुतः + च = ––––––
(ख) धन + आगमनाय = ––––
(ग) चतुः + दश = –––––
(घ) दीपावली + उत्सवः = ––––––

प्रश्न 11. परस्परं मेलनं कुरूत :– (1/2x4=2)

<u>विशेषण</u>	<u>विशेष्य</u>
भयभीता	सिंहः
चतुरः	गुहा
निगूढः	वाणी
श्रुता	श्रृगालः

प्रश्न 12. शब्दरूपं लिखत :– (1/2x4=2)

(क) लताम्   लते   –––––
(ख) साधुना   साधुभ्यां   –––––
(ग) लतया   लताभ्यां   –––––
(घ) मत्याम्   मत्योः   –––––

प्रश्न 13. मञ्जूषात् अव्ययपदं चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत :– (1/2x4=2)

(मञ्जूषा – एकदा, कदापि, यत्, तर्हि)

(क) अनुराधा न –––– असत्यं वदति।
(ख) –––– वने भ्रमन् सः कृष्णं मृगं अपश्यत्।
(ग) यदि त्वं परिश्रमेण कार्यं करोषि –––– नूनं सफलता प्राप्स्यसि।
(घ) अहम् अकथयम् –––– राधा योग्या अध्यापिका अस्ति।

प्रश्न 14. धातुरूप - प्रयोगं कुरूत :–   (1/2x4=2)

   (क) अत्र अनेकानि वृक्षाणि ––––––। (अस् लट्लकारे)

   (ख) अहम् तत्र –––––– । (दृश् लृट्लकारे)

   (ग) सः रामम् ––––––। (दृश् लृट्लकारे)

   (घ) वयं छात्राः ––––––। (अस् लट्लकारे)

_____

4

Class - VIII   **Subject –Science**
Time – 3 Hours   **Maximum Marks- 80**

Attempt all questions. However there are internal choices. Rough work to be done in the right margin.

PHYSICS

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS   [2 X 1 =2]

1. Which of the following is a bad conductor of electricity?
   a. Distilled water
   b. Silver nitrate
   c. Sulphuric acid
   d. Copper sulphate

2. Whenever the surfaces in contact tend to move or move with respect to each other, the force of friction comes into play
   a. only if the objects are solid.
   b. only if one of the two objects is liquid.
   c. only if one of the two objects is gaseous.
   d. irrespective of whether the objects are solid, liquid or gaseous.

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS   [2X1 = 2]

3. What is an electrolyte? Give one example.

4. A pendulum oscillates 40 times in 4 seconds. Find its time period and frequency.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS   [3 x 2 = 6]

5. a. Calculate the pressure exerted by a force of 20N on an area of 20 cm².
   b. Define one newton.

6. Explain why a pencil will write on paper but not on glass?

7. What is the-difference between noise and music? Sketch the wave forms

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS   [4x 3 = 12]

8. a. Sound wave is called mechanical waves. Why?
   b. Differentiate between infra- sonic sound and ultra- sonic sound

9. a. A force of 10 kgf produces an acceleration of 4.9 m/s² in a body. Calculate the mass of the body.
   b. Define Pressure. Write the relation between pressure force and area. Name the instrument used to measure atmospheric pressure

10. What are the three factors on which fluid friction depends?

11. a. A child staying in coastal area tests the drinking water and also the sea water with his tester. He finds that the compass needle deflects more in the case of sea water. Can you explain the reason?

b. Name the process to decompose water into hydrogen and oxygen.

VERY LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS [1x 5 = 5]

12. a. Describe an activity to show that sound need a material medium for its propagation.

b. What is the range of hearing of human ear?

c. Write any two uses of ultra-sonic sound.

OR

a. Describe an activity to show that liquid pressure increases with the depth.
b. We can increase the pressure by exerting same force. Explain how?

CHEMISTRY

SECTION A [1×5=5]

1. An oxide of sulphur turns blue Litmus red. Is it acidic or basic?
2. a. Name the non metal element used in antiseptic.
   b. Name the metal present in blood.
3. Name the raw material used for the manufacture of detergents, synthetic fibres and many useful polymers.
4. The synthetic fibre which resemble silk in texture is
   a. Nylon
   b. Acrylic
   c. Polyester
   d. Rayon
5. Which of the following is a polymer of glucose
   a. Cotton
   b. Teflon
   c. Bakelite
   d. PVC

SECTION B [2×4=8]

6. A metal 'A' is added to a blue coloured solution ' B' .After sometime we observe that the blue colour changes to green colour due to formation of 'C'and there is reddish brown deposit of metal 'D'.
   a. Name the reaction which is taking place above
   b. What is the chemical name of' B '?
   c. Between the two metals 'A' and 'D' which is more reactive?
   d. Name the compound 'C'.

7. Describe an activity to show that thermoplastics are bad conductors of electricity.
8. Mention one advantage and one disadvantage of synthetic fibres.
9. Write the difference between exhaustible resources and inexhaustible resources.

SECTION C [3×3=9]

10. a. Which metal will release hydrogen gas on reacting with strong bases?
    b. Copper is kept open in air, it slowly loses its Shiny brown surface and gains a green coating.
       i) Write the chemical equation of the above reaction .
       ii) What is the nature of the green coating?
11. a. Why are metals used for making bells?
    b. Define malleability .
    c. Name a metal that is kept under kerosene. Explain why it is stored in kerosene.

12. a. A person has to make a non stick pan. He has three types of plastics Bakelite , Teflon and PVC .Which plastic he should use for coating?
    b. State any two disadvantages of plastics.
    c. Plastics are non-corrosive in nature- Explain.

SECTION D [5×1=5]

13. a. Draw well labelled diagram to show petroleum and natural gas deposit under the surface of the earth.
    b. What is refining of Petroleum ?
    c. Which method is used for the refining of Petroleum?

OR

14 a. Draw a well labelled diagram of destructive distillation of coal and label all the products
   b. Write the full form of PCRA.
   c. Why is natural gas called clean fuel?

BIOLOGY

I. Choose the correct option: [1X2=2]
1. Read the given statements and select the correct option.
   Statement 1 –All prokaryotes have cell wall but eukaryotes do not.
   Statement 2 – Prokaryotes have well defined nucleus but eukaryotes have primitive nucleus.

   a. Both the statements 1 and 2 are true and statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1.
   b. Both the statements 1 and 2 are true but statement 2 is not the correct explanation of Statement 1.
   c. Statement 1 is true but statement 2 is false.
   d. Both the statements 1 and 2 are false.

2. **Refer to the given passage.**
   The mosquito **P** is a carrier of a virus that spreads a disease **Q**. Another mosquito **R** is a carrier of a protozoan that spreads a disease called **S**.

Select the correct option which correctly identifies P,Q,R and S.

    a. P- Female *Aedes*, Q- Dengue, R- Female *Anopheles*, S- Malaria

    b. P-Plasmodium, Q- Dengue, R-Malaria, S- Female *Anopheles*

    c. P- Female *Aedes*, Q- Malaria, R- Female *Anopheles*, S- Dengue

    d. P-Female *Anopheles*, Q- Malaria, R- Female *Aedes*, S- Typhoid

II. Answer the following questions in one sentence :   [1x2=2]

3. The size of the cells of an organism has no relation with the size of its body. Do you agree? Give reason for your answer.

4. State any two factors on which time and frequency of irrigation depends.

III. Answer the following questions briefly:

5. a. Why do plant cells need a cell wall whereas animal cells do not?   [1+1=2]
    b. Mention one advantage that amoeba derives by changing its shape.

6. Threshing is an important agricultural practice. Explain what is it and how is it done in modern times.   **[2]**

7. a. What is protoplasm?   [1+1=2]
    b. Mention one point of difference between cell membrane and nuclear membrane.

8. Why is the soil suitably levelled before sowing the seeds? Mention two points.   **[2]**

IV. Answer the following questions as directed:

9. a. Despite favourable climatic conditions a farmer's crop failed to give good yield. Give any two possible reasons for this.
    b. 'Prolonged use of pesticides is undesirable.' Comment on this statement.   [2+1=3]

10. a. Draw a neat diagram of an animal cell and label any three parts.
    b. Name one organelle found only in plant cells which contains a green pigment. Also list one cell structure which is common to both plant and animal cells.   [2+1=3]

11. a. What is meant by nitrogen fixation?   [1+2=3]
    b. Complete the following flowchart of nitrogen cycle by filling the blanks (a), (b), (c) and (d). (Do not copy the flowchart. Write only the answers.)
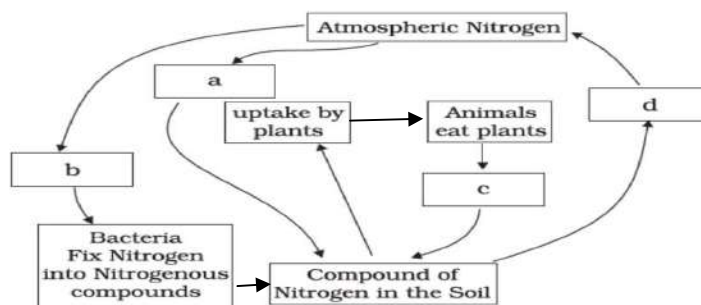
V. Answer the following questions in detail:

12. a. What is meant by food preservation?   [1+3+1=5]
    b. Explain any three methods of food preservation.
    c. Fresh milk is boiled before consumption while processed milk stored in packets can be consumed without boiling. Justify the statement.

OR

a. What are antibiotics?   **[1+2+1+1=5]**

b. Explain how a vaccine provides immunity.

c. Name one plant disease each caused by
   (i) Fungi   (ii) Bacteria

d. Write the causative agent of
   (i) Tuberculosis   (ii) Hepatitis A

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
SAIL TOWNSHIP, RANCHI
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2022-23)

Class - VIII	**Subject – Social Science**
Time – 3 Hours	**Maximum Marks-80**

Answer all the questions. Marks are indicated against each question.

HISTORY

I. **Choose the correct option.** [1X6=6]

1. The first Governor General of India was
   a. Lord Dalhousie
   b. Warren Hastings
   c. Lord Canning
   d. Lord William Bentinck

2. James Rennel produced the first map of India in
   a. 1782
   b. 1785
   c. 1830
   d. 1885

3. What do you mean by Mahal in British revenue records?
   a. Farmer and fields
   b. A village or a group of villages
   c. Seeds and crops
   d. Local name of land revenue

4. Who became the Nawab of Bengal after the death of Alivardi Khan in 1756?
   a. Sirajuddaulah
   b. Mir Kasim
   c. Murshid Quli Khan
   d. Mir Jafar

5. What was the farman?
   a. Name of a trading ship
   b. A royal edict to trade duty free
   c. Name of the East India Company Factory
   d. None of the above

6. Under the Doctrine of Lapse introduced by Lord Dalhousie , the Indian rulers
   a. were not allowed to go out of their states.
   b. could not have relations with foreign powers.
   c. were not allowed to adopt an heir to the throne
   d. could not keep an army

II. **Answer the following questions.** [1X6=6]
   1.What is colonialism?
   2.Define the term 'Mercantile".

3.Who was the last powerful Mughal ruler?
4.What is Bigha?
5.Who was the first Viceroy of India?
6.Define Mutiny.

III. **Answer the following questions.** [3X2=6]
1. What is the problem with the periodisation of Indian history that James Mill offers?
2. In what way was the administration of the Company different from that of Indian rulers?

IV. **Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given.** [1X5=5]
After the British were routed from Delhi , there was no uprising for almost a week. It took that much time for news to travel. Then, a spurt of mutinies began.
Regiment after regiment mutinied and took off to join other troops at nodal points like Delhi, Kanpur and Lucknow.After them, the people of the towns and villages also rose up in rebellion and rallied around local leaders, zamindars and chiefs who were prepared to establish their authority and fight the British. Nana Saheb, the adopted son of the late Peshwa Baji Rao who lived near Kanpur, gathered armed forces and expelled the British garrison from the city. He proclaimed himself Peshwa. He declared that he was a governor under Emperor Bahadur Shah Zafar. In Lucknow, Birjis Qadr , the son of the deposed Nawab Wajid Ali Shah, was proclaimed the new Nawab. He too acknowledged the suzerainty of Bahadur Shah Zafar. His mother Begum Hazrat Mahal took an active part in organising the uprising against the British. In Jhansi, Rani Lakshmibai joined the rebel sepoys and fought the British along with Tantia Tope, the general of Nana Saheb. In the Mandla region of Madhya Pradesh, Rani Avantibai Lodhi of Ramgarh raised and led an army of four thousand against the British who had taken over the administration of her state.
 1. Name the adopted son of the late Peshwa Baji Rao
    a. Nana Saheb
    b. Birjis Qadr
    c. Tantia Tope
    d. Kunwar Singh
 2. Who was the son of the deposed Nawab Wajid Ali Shah of Awadh?
    a. Hazrat Mahal
    b. Birjis Qadr
    c. Ahmaddulah Shah
    d. Bakht Khan
 3. Who was actively organising the revolt from Jhansi?
    a. Rani Laxmi Bai
    b. Tantia Tope
    c. Nana Saheb
    d. Bahadur Shah Zafar
 4. Who was the General of Nana Saheb?
    a. Begum Hazrat
    b. Birjis Qadr
    c. Tantia Tope
    d. Bakht Khan
 5. Who led an army of four thousand against the British in the Mandla region of Madhya Pradesh?

a. Rani Avanti Bai Lodhi
b. Rani Chinamma
c. Banu Begum
d. Diya Kumari

V. **Answer the following questions.**   **[3+2=5]**
1. Describe the main features of the Permanent Settlement.   **(3)**
2. Give two problems which arose with the new Munro System of fixing revenue.   **(2)**

CIVICS

I. **Choose the correct option.**   **[1X6=6]**
1. According to the Fundamental Rights mentioned in the Indian Constitution , which of the following is prohibited?
   a. Human Trafficking
   b. Forced Labour
   c. Children under 14 years of age working in hazardous occupations
   d. All of the above
2. State's efforts to influence a particular matter in accordance with the principles of the Constitution is called
   a. Intervene
   b. Coercion
   c. Secularism
   d. None of the above
3. The force used by a legal authority is
   a. Secular
   b. Allegiance
   c. Coercion
   d. None of the above
4. When was the Hindu Succession Amendment Act passed?
   a. 1870
   b. 1962
   c. 1979
   d. 2005
5. Who presides over Lok Sabha?
   a. President
   b. Prime Minister
   c. Speaker
   d. People
6. Rajya Sabha is also called
   a. Parliament
   b. House of people
   c. Council of States
   d. None of the above

II. **Define the following.**   **[1X2=2]**
1. Acquit
2. Human Trafficking

III. **Answer the following questions.** [3X2=6]
    1. Explain the three strategies followed by the Indian government to ensure secularism.
    2. What do you mean by 'Universal Adult Franchise'? What role does the Opposition party play in the healthy functioning of a democracy? **(1+2=3)**

IV. **Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.** [1X5=5]

It is often believed that it was the British colonialists who introduced the rule of law in India. Historians have disputed this claim on several grounds, two of which include: first that colonial law was arbitrary, and second that the Indian nationalists played a prominent role in the development of the legal sphere in British India. One example of the arbitrariness that continued to exist as part of British law is Sedition Act of 1870. The idea of Sedition was very broadly understood within this Act. Any person protesting or criticising the British government could be arrested without due trial.

Another example of British arbitrariness was the Rowlatt Act which allowed the British government to imprison people without due trial. Indian nationalists including Mahatma Gandhi were vehement in their opposition to the Rowlatt bills. Despite the large number of protests, the Rowlatt Act came into effect on 10th March 1919. In Punjab, protests against this Act continued quite actively and on April 10 two leaders of the movement, Dr. Satyapal and Dr Saifuddin Kitchlew were arrested. To protest these arrests, a public meeting was held on 13 April at Jallianwala Bagh in Amritsar. General Dyer entered the park with his troops. They closed the only exit and without giving any warning General Dyer ordered the troops to fire. Several hundreds of people died in this gunfire and many more were wounded including women and children.

History provides us with several examples of people and communities who have struggled to end unjust laws. Rosa Parks, an African-American woman, refused to give up her seat on a bus to a white man on 1st December 1955. She was protesting the law on segregation that divided up all public spaces, including the streets, between the whites and the African-Americans. Her refusal was a key event that marked the start of the Civil Rights Movement, which led to the Civil Rights Act in 1964, which prohibited discrimination on the basis of race, religion or national origin in the USA.

    1. According to Sedition Act of 1870:
      a. A person could be arrested and deported.
      b. Any person criticising or protesting the British government could be arrested without a trial.
      c. The arrested person could not engage an advocate.
      d. Arrested person could be detained in police custody for an indefinite period of time.
    2. Civil Rights Act passed by USA in 1964 prohibited discrimination the basis of:
      a. Race
      b. Religion
      c. Natural origin in the USA
      d. Race, religion, national origin in the USA
    3. When did the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre take place?
      a. 10th March , 1919
      b. 13th April, 1919
      c. 20th April, 1920

    d. 30th January,1930
   4. Where is Jallianwala Bagh located?
    a. Delhi
    b. Kanpur
    c. Amritsar
    d. Agra
   5. Which Act/Acts shows/show British arbitrariness?
    a. The Sedition Act of 1870
    b. The Rowlatt Act of 1919
    c. Both 'a' &'b'
    d. None of the above

V. Answer the following questions.   **[3+2=5]**
   1. Describe the functions of the judiciary.   **(3)**
   2. "Justice delayed is justice denied." Discuss.   **(2)**

GEOGRAPHY

I. Answer the following questions in very short :   [1x6=6]

1. Write the TERM for the following sentence :
   It is the application of latest knowledge and skill in doing or making things.

2. What do you mean by human resource development?

3. Choose the correct option:

   Which one of the following is not related to land degradation process?
   a. Landslides
   b. Soil erosion
   c. Land reclamation
   d. Desertification

4. Define the term 'Contour Ploughing'.

5. Identify conventional sources of energy with the help of following features:

> ❖ Extensively available
>
> ❖ Efficient conversion to electricity
>
> ❖ Bulky to transport

6. Choose the correctly matched pair about the location of Nuclear Power stations in India.

   Nuclear Power station   **State**

A. Tarapur   Madhya Pradesh

B. Narora   Gujarat

C. Kalpakkam   Tamil Nadu

D. Kaiga   Kerala

II. Answer the following questions in short :   [3x2=6]

1. How can we maintain and preserve the life support system that nature provides? Write three points.
2. "Forests are our wealth" Explain this statement with three suitable points.

III. Answer the following questions in detail :   [5x2=10]

1. Explain any five methods of soil conservation.

2. A. "Energy plays a vital role in our lives" Explain this statement with two suitable points.
   B. Differentiate between conventional sources and non-conventional sources of Energy. Write three points of each.   **[2+3=5]**

IV. Give reasons :   [1x3=3]

1. Your grandmother's home remedies have no commercial value today but they could become economically valuable tomorrow.
2. Water availability per person in India is declining.
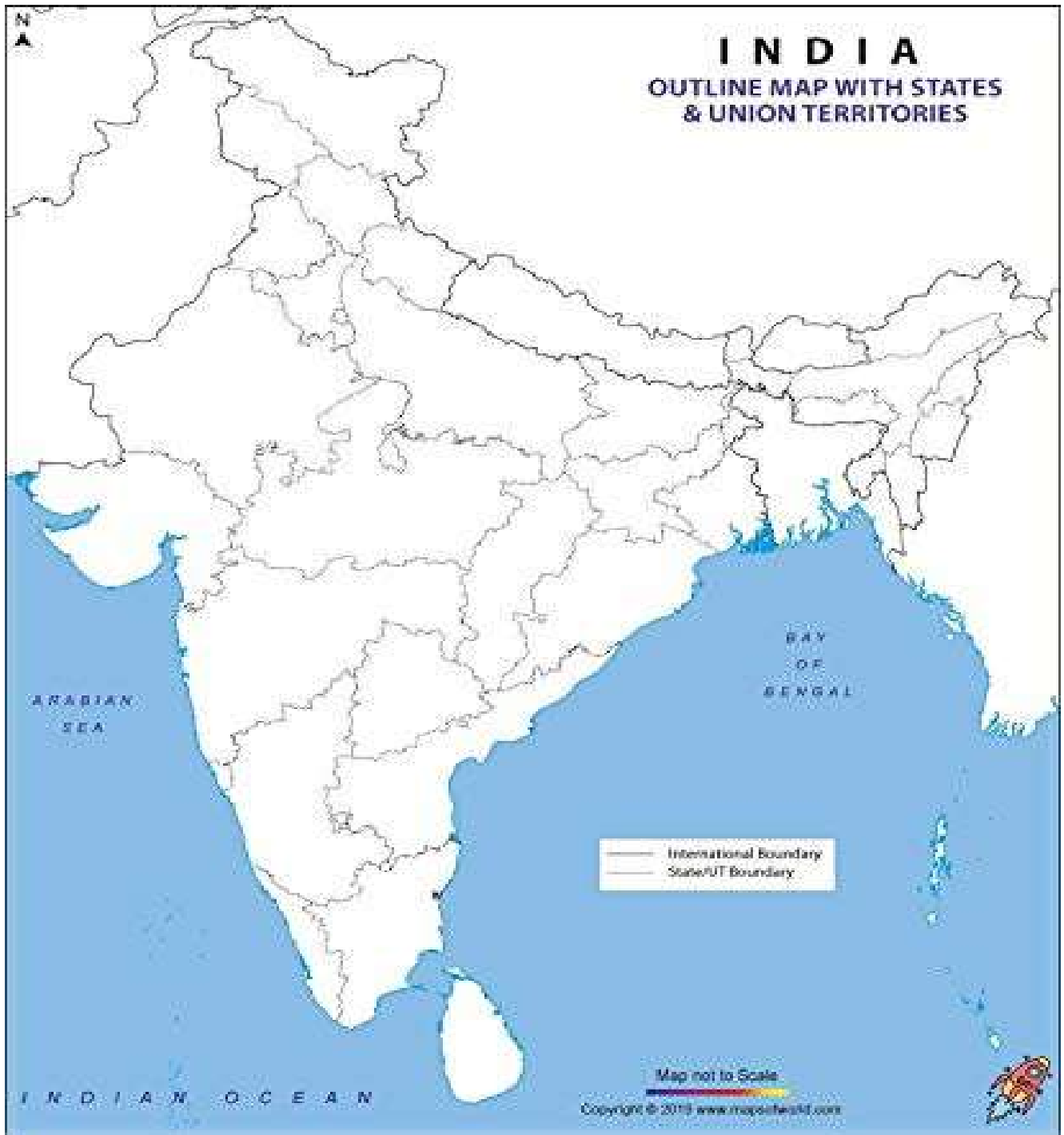3. Most industries are concentrated around coal mines.

V. Locate and label the following with appropriate symbols on the given outline political map of India   [1x3=3]

a. Kudremukh - An Iron ore mine.

b. Digboi - An oil field

c. Bokaro - A coal mine

Class - VIII	**Subject – Spanish**
Time – 90 Minutes	**Maximum Marks- 40**

1. **Comprensión** [5]


COSTA RICA: ¡PURA VIDA!

Si vienes a Costa Rica una vez, no querrás vivir en ningún otro lugar del mundo.

El lema de Costa Rica es "¡Pura vida!" y lo comprobarás si nos visitas. Aquí encontrarás lo que siempre has buscado. Disfruta de nuestro hermoso país: sube hasta los volcanes, báñate en las cálidas aguas de las playas y pasea por los parques naturales de Costa Rica. La gente tranquila y amable de nuestro país te recibirá con los brazos abiertos. ¡En Costa Rica está prohibido no pasarlo bien!

Costa Rica es el paraíso de los amantes de la naturaleza en estado puro. En ningún sitio verás tanta variedad de flora, fauna y vida silvestre. Más de la cuarta parte del territorio nacional son Parques y Reservas Naturales donde encontrarás 221 especies de mamíferos, 830 de aves, 150 de anfibios, 215 de reptiles y 1.080 de peces marinos y de agua dulce.

¡Aquí te espera la mayor aventura de tu vida!
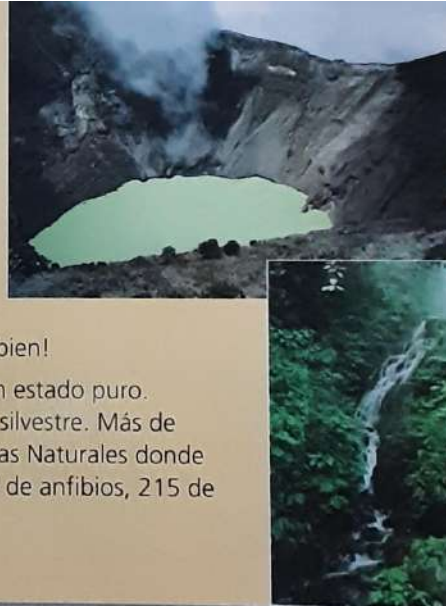
Contesta a las preguntas siguientes :
   a. ¿Cuál es el lema de Costa Rica?
   b. ¿Cómo se disfruta de nuestro hermoso país?
   c. ¿Cómo es la gente de Costa Rica y cómo le reciben a un turista?
   d. ¿Qué está prohibido en Costa Rica?
   e. ¿Cómo puedes describir Costa Rica como el paraíso?

2. ¿Qué preguntas cuando tus padres hacen planes para las vacaciones? [1]
3. ¿Cómo escoges los programas que ves? [1]
4. ¿En qué lugar ha quedado Susana? [1]
5. ¿Cuál es la ambición de Susana? [1]
6. ¿Qué película irán a ver los chicos? [1]
7. ¿Dónde irás el próximo fin de semana? [1]
8. ¿Qué es el Goya? [1]
9. ¿Por qué el hombre del tiempo está tan seguro de su predicción? [1]
10. ¿Por qué Susana quiere ir a Holanda? [1]
11. Escribe cinco consejos para mantener una buena salud. [1]

12. Llena los huecos con **más que** o **menos que** : [4]
    a. Jose es muy estudioso. Él estudia ….. Ramón.
    b. Mi hermano está muy delgado. Él siempre come ……. yo.
    c. Una tortuga es muy lenta. Corre ……. guepardo.
    d. Una jirafa mide …… un ratón.

13. **Haz comparaciones y superlativo (mejor,mayor) (ísimo, ísima)** [4]
    a. Mi abuelo es …… que mi padre.
    b. El avión es más rápido y seguro que el coche. El avión es …… que el coche.
    c. Ese gusano es ……. (largo).
    d. La tortuga va muy despacio. Es …… (lento).

14. **Completa con el pronombre adecuado (nuestro, mí, contigo, les)** [2]
    a. Su coche no es tan rápido como el …….
    b. Sofia esperó …….. el autobús.

15. **Completa con el verbo en futuro** [3]
    a. El profesor …… (dar) las notas de la prueba mañana.
    b. La semana que viene …. (Ir, yo) a la feria del libro.
    c. La proxima semana se …… (inaugurar) la exposición de Goya.

16. **Completa las frases con necesitar y hacer falta** [2]
    a. Mi hermano ……… unos libros de ciencia.
    b. A nosotros ……… un diccionario de español.

17. **Completa las frases con futuros irregulares y   predicciónes de futuro:** [3]
    a. Mañana …… (hacer) frío por la mañana.
    b. Para ir a la playa me …… (poner) mi gorro.
    c. Siempre te …… (querer).
    d. …… (haber) un eclipse total de sol el año 2026
    e. Dentro de cincuenta años, Miguel ….. (ser) viejo.
    f. En el futuro … (ir, nosotros) de vacaciones a Marte.

18. **Expresa las prohibiciones con 'está prohibido' y 'no se puede' :** [2]
    a. Cazar animales …….
    b. En la biblioteca ……. hablar con voz alto.

19. Escribe conjugación de los verbos en futuro pasar, aprender, vivir, tener, hacer [5]